# Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

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THE
Cambria Freeman
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One copy, one year, - - - - - $2 00
One copy, six months, - - - - - 1 00
One copy, three months, - - - - 50

Those who fail to pay their subscriptions until after the expiration of six months will be charged at the rate of $2.50 per year, and those who fail to pay until after the expiration of twelve months will be charged at the rate of $3.00 per year.

Twelve numbers constitute a quarter; twenty-five, six months; and fifty numbers, one year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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Resolutions of Societies, or communications of a personal nature must be paid for as advertisements.

JOB PRINTING.

We have made arrangements by which we can do or have done all kinds of plain and fancy Job Printing, such as Books, Pamphlets, Show Cards, Bill and Letter Heads, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the best style of the art and at the most moderate prices. Also, all kinds of Ruling, Blank Books, Book Binding, &c., executed to order as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.



SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.* and *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Scott House, in Johnstown, on Saturday, the 3d day of August next, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Hannah Paige, of, in and to a lot or piece of ground situate in Millville borough, Cambria county, marked and numbered on the plan of lots of said borough as Lot No. 8, being 41 feet and 3 inches on Gordon alley, and extending back 71 feet, bounded on one side by Lot No. 9, and on the other side by a 20 feet alley, having thereon erected a two story frame house, now in the occupancy of Hannah Paige.

Taken into execution and to be sold at the suit of C. B. Ellis.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Adam Gollar, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the 5th ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, fronting 73 feet on Benton st., and extending back 99 feet to land of Cambria Iron Company, adjoining an alley on the north and lot of John F. and Charles Barnes on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and frame stable, and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of the said Adam Gollar.

Taken into execution and to be sold at the suit of Phillson & Brubaker.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of John W. Miller, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Conemaugh township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Kibler Parks on the south and a road on the north, containing half an acre, more or less, having thereon erected a one and a half story frame house, not now occupied.

Taken into execution and to be sold at the suit of A. Kopelin, Esq.

JAMES MYERS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, July 18, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of a writ of *Vend. Expon.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on Saturday the 27th day of July, 1867, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of John McEntyre, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Thomas Adams, John Carl, and others, containing fifty-eight acres, more or less, about twenty-five acres, of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one story log house and log barn, now in the occupancy of the said John M'Entyre.

Taken into execution and to be sold at the suit of John H. Douglass, for use of John Wagner.

JAMES MYERS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, July 9, 1867

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!—Being desirous of retiring from business, I offer for sale the *Ebensburg Foundry*, with all its appurtenances, including all the real and personal property thereto belonging, the engine, patterns, flasks, &c. Also, all the stock, manufactured and unmanufactured, consisting of Threshing Machines, Cooking Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Plows and Castings of various kinds. As I am determined to sell, purchasers may rely upon getting any or all the above named articles cheaper than they can be had anywhere else in Pennsylvania. The public are invited to call and judge for themselves.

July 4, 1867.-6m. E. GLASS.

DR. T. F. M'CLURE, SURGEON DENTIST, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Vulcanite, Chemistic, &c. ☞Professional visits made to Chest Springs the first week and to Loretto the second week of each month.

Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-6m.

THE JOHNSTOWN
DRUG HOUSE!
HAS IN STORE THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
PAINTS,
OILS and
VARNISHES,
Glue, Putty, Alcohol,
DYES AND DYESTUFFS,
TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, PAINTS,
*Glassware, Druggists' Sundries, &c.,*
EVER OFFERED IN THE COUNTY!
FOR SALE AT
WHOLESALE CITY PRICES!

Agent for the sale of all the
POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES
IN THE MARKET.

In our stock of
*PERFUMERY,*
*POMADES,*
*COSMETICS,*
*TOILET ARTICLES, &c.,*
WE DEFY COMPETITION!

C. T. FRAZER,
June 20, 1867.-1y. JOHNSTOWN, PA.

LORETTO DRUG STORE.

Now on hand, a large and well selected stock of fresh
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils and Varnishes,
Pure and Unadulterated Liquors,
for medicinal purposes,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS,
*Wall Paper and Window Shades, all styles,*
LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS,
BURNERS AND WICKS,
And a good article of REFINED PETROLEUM
Also, a large supply of
White Lead, Putty, Window Glass, &c.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,
INCLUDING
*HAIR, NAIL AND TOOTH BRUSHES,*
Combs, Toilet and Tooth Preparations,
LUBIN'S AND PHALON'S EXTRACTS,
Soaps, Fancy Goods, &c.

A FULL LINE OF STATIONERY.

As my medicines are warranted of a pure quality, I am prepared to fill Prescriptions with *accuracy and dispatch*, at all hours of the day or night. Open on Sunday for the sale of medicines. A. J. CHRISTY.

Loretto, June 27, 1867.-3m*

HOLLIDAYSBURG!
JACOB M. PIRCHER,
FASHIONABLE
CLOTHIER & TAILOR,
Has just opened a full assortment of well selected and most desirable
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

Gents and Boys furnished with CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, &c., of the latest styles and best material, at the *LOWEST CASH PRICES.*

A VARIETY OF PIECE GOODS, which will be sold by the yard or made to order in the most approved manner.

Having given full satisfaction to his customers for more than TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, he guarantees the same to all who may favor him with their patronage in the future.

☞Store on the west side of Montgomery street, below Blair, next door to Masonic Hall, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [my23.1y.]


AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report the distribution of the funds in the hands of Robert H. Singer, Trustee to sell the real estate of Dennis Dougherty, late of Allegheny township, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on Friday, the 2d day of August next, at 2 o'clock P.M., when and where they must present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Auditor.

July 4, 1867.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to distribute the fund in the hands of John A. Blair, Adm'r of the estate of Mary Clements, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on Saturday, the 3d day of August next, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where they must present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary having been granted by the Register of Cambria county to the undersigned, on the estate of Jerome A. Buck, late of Carroll township, dec'd, all persons having claims against said estate will please present them properly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to the same will make payment without delay.

JOHN FLICK, } Executors.
JOHN BUCK, }

Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-6t.


ROBERT E. JONES,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.,
Dealer in Lumber. The highest prices, in *Cash*, paid for CHERRY, POPLAR, ASH and LIND LUMBER.


## Original Poetry.

[Written for the Cambria Freeman.]

### TO THE RAINBOW.

BY JULIA TOBIN.

Triumphal Arch! that spans the sky
When storms prepare to part,
I ask not proud philosophy
To tell me what thou art.

Still seems, as to my childhood's sight,
A midway station given,
For happy spirits to alight
Betwixt the earth and heaven.

Can all that optics teach unfold
Thy form to please me so,
As when I dream'd of gems and gold
Hid in thy radiant bow?

When science from creation's face
Enchantment's veil withdraws,
What lovely visions yield their place
To cold, material laws!

And yet, fair bow, no fabling dreams,
But words of the Most High,
Have told why first thy robe of beams
Was woven in the sky.

GALLITZIN, JULY 15, 1867.

## Biographical Sketch.

[From the "Forum," by David Paul Brown.]

### GEORGE SHARSWOOD, L. L. D.

The Honorable George Sharswood was born on the 7th of July, 1810, and graduated at the University of Pennsylvania, on the 31st of July, 1828, with the highest honors, delivering the Greek Salutatory, manifesting a scholarship of which his unceasing industry had given an early interest. In the month of August of the same year, he became a student in the office of Mr. Joseph R. Ingersoll, and after severe application to his studies, was admitted to practice on the 5th of September, 1831.

Even after Mr. Sharswood's admission he still blended his classical with his professional duties, besides giving some attention to the modern languages, and it may be truly observed of him, that it has seldom happened that such young shoulders bore so wise a head.

He was not deficient in genius, but his great quality consisted in rigid and indefatigable labor. He was a model for a student. Always thoughtful, yet always cheerful; modest and retiring in his manners, yet in a moment of exigency not deficient in just reliance upon himself. We do not think he could ever have been an effective advocate. The turn of his mind was too tranquil to enjoy or endure the tumult, agitation and excitement of jury trials. But in an argument to the Court in banc. upon a point of law few men of his years would have been his equal—cool, calm and collected, he had full control of that untiring perseverance that industry had enabled him to accumulate.

After remaining at the bar some five years, with about the usual share of professional business, but with bright hopes clustering around him, he was elected to the Legislature on the 10th of October, 1837, where it is sufficient to say that he justified the most sanguine hopes and expectations of his constituents. On the 9th of October, 1838, he became one of the select council, and on the 26th of June, 1841, he was appointed Secretary of the Investigating Committee of the Stockholders of the Bank of the United States. On the 12th of October, 1841, he was elected again to the Legislature, and continued in that body by another election, on the 11th of October, 1842. Scarcely had his legislative services terminated, when, on the 8th of April, in the year 1845, he received the appointment of Judge of the District Court for the city and county of Philadelphia, and on the first of February, 1848, became its President. On the 14th of October, 1851, under the new Constitution he was elected by a large majority to the same judicial position, which he had previously held from the Executive and Senate of the State. He was commissioned on the 1st of December, 1851.

In all these varied and highly honorable and responsible employments, it may be justly said that he manifested the most abundant capacity and fitness for the duties imposed upon him. But he more especially shone in his judicial qualifications.

Take him for all in all, at his time of life no bench in Pennsylvania has borne a more unblemished, more competent or more exemplary incumbent. He cannot be said to be a man of refined and fascinating manners—his close studies and constant occupation would forbid that—but he is a man of kind, liberal and honorable feelings, just such a man as you might suppose was born to be a judge; and if he holds out as he begun and Heaven and his constituents continue him to his "three score and ten," we are mistaken or he will furnish the best practical proof of the folly of legislaturing judges out of office at the expiration of sixty years.

Since his presidency in the District, Judge Sharswood has been chosen Professor of Law in the Pennsylvania University, where he is an invaluable acquisition. Apart from this duty, he is engaged in delivering a course of elaborate lectures before the Commercial Institute, and when it is remembered that the Court in which he presides sits ten months in a year, and is continuously and laboriously occupied during all that time in every diversity of trials, certainly no better commentary can be required upon his exhaustless patience and energy of character.

But to glance from the mental to the personal—Judge Sharswood is about five feet ten inches high, with a slight stoop of the shoulders, attributable probably to his studious pursuits through life. He has a benevolent face, and even temper, great patience, and that—without which everything else is nothing—uncompromising honesty. The honesty of a Judge, however, is hardly necessary to be referred to, as without it, no man is to be considered a judge. He is only a pageant in the temple of justice.

All this we have said with entire frankness and sincerity, and are prepared to stand by. Nay, it is the voice of the entire bar, and we may be excused, though it partakes of something bordering upon a rebuke, in saying that there is only one defect in Judge Sharswood's judicial manner, and that possibly arises from Judge Washington having departed from the bench before Judge Sharswood came to the bar. Judge Washington never used a mallet or a gavel or commanded "silence!" or directed the members of the bar or the by-standers to take their seats. In departing from this example we think Judge Sharswood errs. These errors, however may be attributed to the nature of the business, or may have been inherited from some of his official predecessors. Be this as it may, they are rather formal than substantial matters of objection—mere motes in a sunbeam, offending the eye without diminishing the light.

Judge Sharswood may be cited in support of our theory, that Judges—all other qualifications being equal—taken from the bar before they have been extensively engaged in practice, generally discharge their duties more satisfactorily than those who are hackneyed in litigation and therefore take partial or prejudicial views of a case. Unless the opposite sides of the issue exhibit great inequality in merit and strength, we defy any man to perceive from the deportment of the Judge, to what result his mind inclines. This is a great virtue in a judicial officer—nothing is so unbecoming in authority, as to descend from its high calling into the arena of professional delegation, and advance gratuitous opinions, and join in a conflict between outposts, before the mind entirely grasps the merits of controversy. Counsel may be less observant of what they say or do, but a judge should permit no word to escape his lips during the progress of a trial that may tend to bias a jury, or throw reproach upon one party or other. Words, as we have elsewhere said, are things, and judicial words are very operative, if not controling things upon the minds of the "sworn twelve" who, having for the most part, but little light in themselves, look anxiously for the least glimmering of it that may be shed from the bench, and sometimes convert that light into darkness.

Judge Sharswood puts his cases, of course, very fairly to a jury; he seldom entrenches upon their right to determine upon facts, and when he charges upon the law, he does it with great clearness, precision and cogency, and so as to be comprehended by any man of the most ordinary intelligence. His thoughts are not only conspicuous, but the language in which they are clothed is so plain and unaffected as to prevent all equivocation or misapprehensions.

## A HARD HEARTED FELLOW.

During the first year of the rebellion a man living in Georgia left home and family, came North and joined the Union army. He left behind him in his Southern home a wife and two children, a boy and a girl. Months passed away and no tidings came to this little family of the absent husband and father. At last there came a well authenticated rumor that he had fallen in some one of the sanguinary battles which were so frequent in those dark and bloody days. Time passed on and the widow again married in the full belief that her first husband was dead. By this second husband she had one child, a girl. During the closing scenes of the rebellion her second husband fell in defense of the Southern Confederacy. Since that time she has supported herself and three children by teaching, for she is a lady of education and refinement.

A short time since she received intelligence which led her to believe that her first husband was still living and that he was in the oil region of Pennsylvania. Overjoyed at this news, she gathered her means together and started on her long and weary journey in search of the husband whom she had so long supposed dead, not doubting that he would be the same as of old. Last week she arrived in this region and found her husband, but instead of being rejoiced to see her, he coldly ihformed her that she was no more than a stranger to him, that his affections were entirely alienated from her. She then besought him to make some provision for the bringing up and education of his two children. This he positvely declined to do with any of them. The poor woman, finding him inexorable, turned sorrowfully away. With her three children she started on her journey Southward.
—*Venango Democrat.*

—A N. Orleans editor says he counted one hundred and seventy-three alligators in a sail of six miles along a bayou—Where is "Honest" John Covode?

## The Fallen Snow---A Sad Story.

A beautiful poem entitled the "Fallen Snow," a production of extraordinary merit, has been copied far and wide by the press of this country. The author's name does not appear, no doubt to the disappointment of many readers who admire the true and beautiful in sentiment and composition. Knowing her history, a correspondent of the Macon (Ga.) *Sentinel*, gives a brief biography.

The maiden name of the authoress was Dora Shaw. She was born and grew into womanhood in the Wabash Valley, Indiana. Her parents were plain, honorable people, blessed with plenty, though not rich, as the world goes. They loved their beautiful Dora, and bestowed on her an education which very few females ever receive. That accomplished, to wed her to some wealthy and distinguished gentleman, as is too often the case, they had the fatal delusion that the daughter's will should be sacrificed upon the altar of Mammon—that wealth and ambition should be preferred to love.

In 1850, F. S. LeBaum and Dora Shaw were married. LeBaum was a citizen and the possessor of an immense property in St. Louis. Being in the Wabash Valley upon business of his house, he saw, loved and wooed this young, beautiful and accomplished woman. He then obtained her parents' consent, and marriage, which followed, was hallowed by no love, save upon the side of the husband.

Taking his bride home to his splendid palace in the city, she was there given everything that wealth could bestow. Still she was not happy. Did you ever see a contented eagle in gilded cage?

The wife was at once introduced to, and became the admiration of the best people of the city. To the outward world she appeared the happiest of mortals, illustrating how few there are who really know the secret sorrows of the human heart. She passed her hours in splendid misery.

At the time, the famous theatrical manager, Ben. DeBar, had a fine company at the St. Louis Theatre. His leading star was Miss Annette Ince—no less renowned for her acting mimic life than her beauty and many womanly virtues. To this theatre Mr. and Mrs. LeBaum went one night and witnessed a play. Dora had never been inside a theatre before, and before the curtain fell upon the second act, she had made a resolution which would change the whole course of her life—she had determined to be an actress like Miss Ince.

An interview with the manager was easily obtained, who saw in the aspirations of the lady a chance to make a splendid hit, and put gold in his purse. He gave her encouragement, dismissed the idea of her first assuming a second part, but assured her she should make her DEBUT in the leading character of the play she had witnessed—"Julia, in the Hunchback." More than encouraged, indeed completely resolved, Dora at once commenced the study of the play, and, possessing a quick intelligence, was at least master of the language in a few days. Private rehearsals appeared to give perfect satisfaction to the manager, as well as to the company trained for that particular purpose and for that occasion. All this was kept from the husband.

One morning the city was thrown into a fever by the announcement in all the journals, and upon all the bulletin boards that "Miss Dora Shaw would appear that night as Julia, in Sheridan Knowles' great play entitled the Hunchback." LeBaum and his friends were struck as if from a thunderbolt from heaven. He first entreated, appealed and threatened his wife, and next the manager, and finally declared his intention to murder her upon the moment she made her appearance. All to no purpose. The manager duly had all this passed into the streets, which of course increased the sensation and strengthened the desire to attend.

Every ticket was sold by 9 o'clock, and it were needless to say that when night came that place of amusement occupied the thoughts of the city.

The curtain rose--Dora appeared--walked, stammered, blushed and repeated her part mechanically—like any girl reading her composition at an examination. Still the audience was pleased—not by the acting, but by the novelty of the occasion. The next, the third, the fourth, and fifth nights were like the first. The morbid appetite of the public, satiated with novelty, demanded good acting. This Dora could not supply. The audience fell off, the managers became restless and refused to offer a re-engagement, but intimated that she had best go to another city.

In the meantime LeBaum sued for a divorce, which was readily granted by the Court. The next appearance of Dora was in New Orleans, where her former social position was unknown, and where she was thrown upon her merits as an actress for success. It were needless to say that she failed to elicit one single plaudit.

The rest of the story is soon told. Abandoned by friends, home, husband and penniless, she fell—to use her own words:

Fell, like the snowflakes, from heaven to hell,
Fell, to be trampled as filth in the street,
Fell, to be scoffed, to be spit on and beat;
Pleading,
Cursing,
Dreading to die,
Selling her soul to whoever would buy,
Dealing in shame for a morsel of bread,
Hating the living and fearing the dead.

MAN is a mister—woman a mystery

## Le Cheval Mechanique--A Wonderful Invention.

The following description of a new invention now on exhibition at the great "show" in Paris is from a private letter, published in the Charleston *Courier*:

"I was fortunate enough to be present yesterday evening at a private view of this wonderful invention. The throng at the Exposition is so dense in the daytime that any attempt to work it during the exhibition hours was impossible. Through the kindness of M. de M., whose acquaintance I made in 1858, when he was *attache* at Washington, I formed one of fifty persons provided with special permits. On entering, groups of the *Cent Gardes* made me think the Emperor was present, but I did not see him until the middle of the exhibition. I saw among the curious, Nasmyth, of hammer celebrity, and Whitworth, arm in arm with Howe, of sewing machine notoriety.

"The iron horse bears no resemblance to its equine namesake. Imagine a trunk-shaped box about seven feet long, and wide enough for a man to saddle, and about five feet high; the whole concern mounted on five wheels; the wheels concealed, however, under the machine. It is covered with leather, and has a saddle, only the saddle is very high in the front and back, so that there is no chance of being unhorsed. In front is a steering apparatus of the simplest kind—two silk cords—and just before the saddle a steel bar which regulates the speed. If you pull it up, you start the machine, pull it higher up, you increase the speed; if you depress it, you slow until a point is reached, when the apparatus stops.

"The inventor, quite a young man, commenced winding up the machine with what seemed to be a crank motion, and as I distinctly heard the click of the rachet, I therefore supposed it was worked by coiled spring, but I have reasons since to think that I was mistaken. I suppose it took two minutes to wind it, when he mounted it, and started it by pulling up the steel bar. It moved gradually off so that for the first minute I could walk alongside of it, but presently it started at the speed of a fast horse, and in a moment more was lost, going round the curve of the circle.

"I suppose you know the Grand Exposition consists of a series of eccentric rings, each one devoted to a peculiar branch of industry. The one the machine was running on was the *Numero Quetre, section del Mecaniques*, and is among the largest, measuring some yards more than an English mile. It seemed to me to be incredible that he should have performed the circuit in two minutes twelve seconds. A hearty clapping of hands greeted the machine as it came careering on, and gradually stopped without any apparent trouble.

"I noticed the Emperor, generally taciturn, loud in his applause, clapping his hands as lustily as I did, and I was assured by M. de M., that he had never seen his Majesty on any occasion before show the least sign of commendation. The inventor then said that he would put it up to its speed, but to do this he must give the machine a start. He then wheeled round, and just like a jockey starting a horse, got it up to its maximum; as he passed us he seemed to be flying. The circuit was made in 58 seconds. A new salvo of praise met him as he brought the machine to where the Emperor was standing, and I must say I felt some just emotion when the Emperor took the Legion of Honor from his button-hole and placed it on the young inventor's breast.

"M. told me that its endurance, if I may use the term, was extraordinary; that at its highest speed it would keep on going for four hours. I was led to believe that the mechanical power was secondary in it, and that a galvanic battery was the real motive power. It is rumored that a battery of constantly increasing elements sustains the motion. Anyhow, the secret is well kept, the Emperor having, with the inventor, the only knowledge of it. M. also told me that at Vincennes a battery of artillery was to be moved with it instead of horses.

"I may add that I saw four persons mount it, and it moved much more rapidly than would a carriage. An interesting experiment was made as to its capability of going over rough country. Several loads of dirt were shot on the floor, and it passed over with apparent ease. One thing I remarked was that there was a perpendicular play in the wheels, and that as a difficulty was surmounted, one wheel would be higher than the other, whilst the body was on the same plane.

"I think that it had been placed purposely in a retired part in the Exposition before this exhibition, so as not to attract too much attention, and I learn this morning that the Secretary of War has had it removed from the Exhibition.

"The inventor's same is Victor de Nardes."

FOR SEALING FRUIT CANS.—Take rosin, eight ounces; gum shallac, two ounces; beeswax, one-half ounce, and if you desire it colored English vermillion, one and a half ounces. Melt the rosin, and stir in the vermillion, if used. Then add the shallac slowly, and afterwards the beeswax. This will make quite a quantity, and needs only to be melted to be ready for use at any time.

—A man in Rutland, Vermont, was cured of deafness by a stroke of lightning

## A CIRCUS SENSATION.

The immense audience assembled under the canvass of Messrs. Thayer & Noyes, Falls Field, on Thursday evening were treated to a performance which they had not anticipated, and which everybody present would willingly have forgone. The entertainment had passed off to the entire satisfaction of the spectators, and as a crowning act the large cage containing two lions and two lionesses were drawn into the ring, when Mr. Charles White, the keeper, entered it to exhibit his control over the ferocious beasts. The animals are all full grown, young and active—in short the best specimens of their species we ever saw—and one of the lions is remarkably wild and intractable. Mr. White, however, having full confidence in his power to control them, entered with entire fearlessness and began to put the beasts through their paces. All proceeded well for a time, but at length one of the lions began to be fractious and disobedient, whereupon Mr. White struck him two or three blows with a whip. Suddenly the animal made a spring and seized Mr. White by the shoulder with his teeth, shaking him as a dog would a cat, and finally throwing him on his back upon the floor of the cage. A thrill of horror passed through the assemblage of spectators. Ladies screamed and fainted; many people hastened to leave the establishment; some with terror-blanched countenances awaited in silence the result, and others rushed into the ring, vaguely and vainly hoping to rescue the adventurous lion tamer from the fate which apparently awaited him. Meantime Mr. White cooly awaited the issue. He was helpless for the moment, the lion, with both fore paws upon his breast, holding him down and retaining his shoulder with those terrible jaws. The angry growls of the ferocious beast were frightful. And he was evidently determined to make the most of his opportunity. Mr. Noyes, one of the proprietors of the circus, happened fortunately to be near, and seizing an iron bar, dashed the end of it against the lion's head with such force that the animal was surprised into relaxing his hold. In an instant Mr. White had regained his feet, and his control over the occupants of the cage. With a few well-directed blows of his whip he reasserted his supremacy, and the recently victorious king of beasts was reduced to submission. It would naturally be supposed that after such an experience, Mr. White would be disposed to part company with his dangerous companions as soon as possible, but he is made of the kind of material to [illegible] point. He was terribly injured, the claws of the lion having penetrated his shoulder deeply and lacerated the flesh in a shocking manner, besides crushing the bone so as to render the left arm almost useless. Despite his sufferings and the obvious ill will of the lion, he proceeded with the performance to the end. Luckily there were of the other lion and lionesses had not been excited, and he had only one [illegible] enemy to fear. He compelled the savage animals to go through with their acts as usual, and concluded by feeding them a quantity of raw beef, handing the meat in pieces to each animal in turn. He then quietly left the cage, and not till then was any one made aware of the serious character of his hurt. Mr. White did not faint away, as one of our contemporaries asserts, unless he did so after leaving the arena. He was conveyed to the National Hotel in a carriage, and now lies there in a critical condition. He is under the care of Dr. Whitbeck, who has reduced the fractured bones, and hopes to restore the patient to a comparatively sound condition. In a previous encounter with the same lion, Mr. White was dreadfully lacerated in the breast by the claws of the powerful beast. The animal is of a peculiarly sullen disposition, and has compelled his keeper to discipline him vigorously on a number of occasions.—*Rochester (N. Y.) Democrat, July 6.*

—The *fete* Dieux was celebrated the last week in June, in Paris, by all the parish churches, with unusual solemnity. A singular scene was presented at the great church of the Madeline. During its celebration, the sacerdotal procession encountered in its way, two battalions of the line; the Colonel immediately ordered a halt, and a military salute, and amid a flourish of drums and cornets, the regiments knelt down as one man to receive the blessing of the venerable cure who was moving at the head of his flock.

—The Lewistown *Gazette* says: Many passengers through the Narrows below this place, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, no doubt fail to observe a large rock about half way up the mountains, just above the division house, about six miles down, which nature has carved into the form of a soldier standing on picket, in the act of peeping around a rock, as if listening, his cap, coat, knapsack and other appurtenances being well defined, the whole forming a giant statue of life like appearance.

CURE YOUR CORNS.—An exchange says: Put the feet for half an hour, two or three successive nights, in a pretty strong solution of soda. The alkali dissolves the indurated cuticle, and the corns fall out spontaneously, leaving a small cavity, which soon fills. This [illegible] vouched for as a certain remedy, and if it prove so it will entitle the [illegible] heartfelt thanks of many [illegible] New York.

# CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.:

THURSDAY, : : : JULY 25, 1867.


## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

**HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD,**
**Of Philadelphia.**

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
Hon. JOHN P. LINTON, Johnstown.

FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN A. BLAIR, Ebensburg.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN COX, Conemaugh.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
JOHN A. KENNEDY, Carrolltowu.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER:
JOHN BUCK, Carrolltown.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
JOHN D. THOMAS, Ebensburg.

FOR AUDITORS:
EDW. D. EVANS, Croyle, 3 years.
JOHN F. ALLEN, Yoder, 1 year.

FOR CORONER:
J. A. HARROLD, Johnstown.

### Davis--Greeley--Barker.

One of the most interesting features of a republican government is the frequent collision of giant minds on the great questions of the day. These conflicts of opinion enable those who, like ourself, have no great pretentions to statesmanship, to come to correct conclusions as to the merits of the controversy.

The last *Alleghanian* contains a letter written by the last of the three gentlemen whose names head this article, and written *at* the other two. Mr. Davis was the President of the late "so called" Southern Confederacy; Mr. Greeley, the editor of the New York *Tribune;* and Mr. Barker a member of the last Congress. They were all active contributors to the causes that brought about the late rebellion, but after it actually commenced the first only sustained it, while the two last fought to put it down. We use the word "fought" figuratively, of course, for the talents of these three distinguished gentlemen could not be spared from the councils at Washington and Richmond, so that neither of them ever sought the tented field.

The letter of Mr. Barker is severe upon Mr. Greeley, and still more severe upon Mr. Davis. We have no doubt Mr. Greeley will feel deeply pained that Mr. Barker has "felt constrained to differ with him in opinion" heretofore, but the chief unforgivable crime laid to his charge by Mr. B. is that he went "all the way to Richmond" and went bail for Jeff Davis. "Thereat (we give Mr. Barker's own Eng- and thereby he stultified himself, ced bad taste, and utterly disregarded lied the sentiment of the loyal mass- and denounces Horace as "the backer notorious traitor." He then winds y assuring Greeley that he "may e, and explain, and scold, and ten as he will, but I (the said Barker aning) tell him, more in sorrow than in ger, that by his imprudent trip to Rich- nd he managed to get a *black spot* on old *white coat* which not all the ingenui- nd sophistry of the *Tribune* establish- t (the New York *Tribune* meaning) can ever cover or erase." Then follows the conclusion, in the following statesmanlike and significant words, so frequently used as "Amen" by Boston divines—"THAT'S SO"—and Greeley is no more.

But if Mr. Barker's rebuke of Greeley is scathing his attack upon Davis is absolutely fearful! Never this side of the Billingsgate fishmarket was heard such awful, such withering invective! And it is not made without sufficient information of the facts whereof he speaks, for Mr. Barker is a *knowledgable* man. "I have watched his public course," quoth Barker, "with the utmost care, and am morally certain that treason, *damning* treason (a new kind, we suppose,) has been lurking in his heart for the last twenty years."

After comparing Davis with Calhoun, and regretting that that statesman was permitted to die a natural death, he proceeds with about a column of the *worst* abuse we ever read. We shall give a few of the adjectives and nouns, as a sample: "Perjured wretch," "base and bloody usurper," "ungodly ambition," "arch-traitor," "scoundrel and arch-traitor," "sneak and coward," "willing to unsex himself," "accursed carcass," "infernal secessionist and traitor, the slave-driver and freedom hater, the butcherer of Union prisoners and Presidential murderer," "author of ten thousand crimes, this wholesale murderer, this chief of all villains," &c. &c. &c.

Now, here's a "pretty kettle of fish." Greeley and Davis, of course, both take the *Alleghanian*, and their feelings may be "more easily imagined than described." But what are they going to do about it? Neither of them can afford to lie under these heavy charges, brought to their doors by a respectable ex-member of Congress. We can only say, in all frankness, that each or either of them shall have a column of the *Freeman* to reply to Mr. Barker, provided *their* letters avoid scurrility and gross personalities. And, we doubt not, the reading public will await with anxiety the result of this tremendous mental

Greeley may conclude, philosopher-like, that his general term, "Blockhead," applied to politicians of Mr. Barker's kidney, already answers him; and if so it will "block" anything further on that "head" with him. But then what will Davis do?

They might, when they see the article, say Mr. Barker had been "violatin'," but that would be wide of the mark. Mr. B. *never* drinks. Our own knowledge upon that question coincides with that of our veracious correspondent, "MacShane," that he has been a temperance man even "from his youth up." It is a mere peculiarity of *style*.

Might they indict for libel? No! There is nothing really libellous as to Greeley, and Davis has no *status* here if he was libelled.

But might Barker not be indicted as a common scold? No, though in the letter in question he is a common scold, *in fact*, yet he could not be convicted as a common scold *at law*. If an old woman had written the article she might have been indicted and convicted, but as Mr. Barker is of the "male persuasion" he is not indictable as a common scold. Mrs. Royal was indicted and convicted of this offence, but a Mr. Loyal can't be. Hence Mr. B. need have no fears of the ducking stool, the common law punishment for a scold. We admire the want of gallantry of our law-making ancestors, which saves our distinguished fellow-citizen from any risk of this kind. It is one of the very few offences of which only one sex can be guilty.

Then the only retort left to Jeff. Davis "on this behalf," would be to reply to Mr. Barker's charge "that he was willing to unsex himself, and resort to the miserable subterfuge of wearing women's clothes," that, *as per contra*, "Barkis was willin'" to unsex himself, and resort to the miserable vaporings and invectives of a common scold.

### Maximillian--Jefferson Davis.

A general feeling of indignation pervades all parties in the United States, and indeed extends over the civilized world, at the brutal murder of the late Emperor of Mexico—Maximillian. Nor is it any wonder! No matter what the destiny of the unfortunate Mexicans may be in the future, that act will stamp their name with an undying stigma that can never be erased from their escutcheon.

Maximillian made a mistake—he did not commit a crime. We know that among a certain class of politicians in all countries, the maxim prevails that "a blunder is worse than a crime." This is the doctrine of Tallyrand and his school of diplomatists, but it is not the doctrine of statesmanship.

The theory of enlightened governments has been that when insurrections or revolutions are ended, and peace restored, a magnanimous course towards the conquered is not only more politic, but more in accordance with the intelligence and christianity of the age.

We are glad that the radical organs in this country agree with us in denouncing the murder of Maximillian as a piece of unmitigated brutality, and if they were at a different stand-point from that they occupy, they would take precisely the same view of the Jeff Davis question. This is the view taken by the civilized nations of the earth, and would be the view taken by the *Alleghanian* and *Tribune*, only for the fact that they have been schooled in vindictive Radicalism. Indeed, we must do the *Tribune* the justice to add, that since the radical Judge Underwood discharged Jeff. Davis on the bond of the radical leader, Greeley, its tone has softened down very much on this question. But then it soils its magnanimity by complaining that the President did not do in *hot* blood what radicals themselves dare not do in *cold* blood. Davis was not in our power until the war had ceased, and after that we agree with Greeley, it was time "to stop the effusion of blood."

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A TELEGRAM from Gen. A. J. Smith, dated Fort Harker, July 20, to Gen. Sherman's headquarters, St. Louis, states that reliable information has been received that Bishop Lamey and party, recently reported attacked by Indians near Fort Larned, and the men killed and the women taken captives, passed Fort Dodge, fifty-five miles west of Fort Larned, in company with a large train, on the 16th inst. The reported massacre must, therefore, be false.

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SENATOR SUMNER has taken a fresh departure in his voyage of ultra-Radicalism. He now alludes in his speeches to the "so-called white race," and insists on negroes having a full share of all the offices to be filled, either by election or appointment. The Radical party is a progressive party, and Mr. Sumner is a reliable finger-post to point out the path in which that progress will move,

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THIS EVEVING.—Davis' magnificent Panorama of the Great Rebellion will positively exhibit in the Court House this (Wednesday) evening, for one night only. Everybody should go and see it. It is well worth the price of admission.

### LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—A cruel Kansas paper calls H. G. "Jeff. Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer."

—The Rump adjourned on Saturday, the 20th, to meet on the 21st of November.

—The Bellefonte *Watchman* has the following: "Governor Geary, it is said, has already made upwards of $50,000 by pardoning criminals."

—In the Surratt trial "the Court" rules out the most important testimony for the prisoner. "The Court" evidently thinks itself a military commission.

—A negro in Blondinville, Ky., enticed a young girl from the house and committed violence upon her person. She was so much abused that she has since died from her injuries.

—A cable dispatch received at Bridgeport, Ct., states that Elias Howe, Jr., the inventor of the sewing machine, is dangerously ill in London, with scarcely a hope of recovery.

—Sanford Conover, the perjurer, whose application for a new trial was refused a day or two ago in Washington city, will be sent on to the Albany Penitentiary in the early part of next week.

—The "Rads." of Nashville are importing hundreds of negroes from the South and having them registered immediately on their arrival, to be used in the coming election in Tennessee.

—The Garibaldians are threatening the Pope. Napoleon, it is said, will protect the Holy See, and the redshirt gentry, with their "John Brown's soul," will likely march in some other direction on the double quick.

—The Rump House has "passed" a bill striking the word "white" from the charter and all the laws relating to the District of Columbia, so that negroes may hold office, sit on juries and do anything else that white men do.

—The Rump Congress has passed a resolution of sympathy for the Cretans, who are at war with the Turks. A little sympathy for an oppressed people at home would be more in keeping with humanity, civilization and Christianity.

—The Treasury Department is preparing a fractional currency note of the denomination of 15 cents. It will be issued to the public in a few weeks. The new note will be embellished with portraits of Generals Grant and Sherman.

—The Rads of the Rump are trying their utmost to get up a little capital for the murderer, Juarez. From their standpoint Maximilian was the barbarian and the Indian Juarez the saint. But, with Rads white is always black and black white.

—Joseph Comro, of Lancaster county, was murdered on Saturday night week, by, as is supposed, his wife and her paramour, a man named John Smith. The murdered man was killed by a blow from a stone. The suspected parties have been arrested.

—Blount County, East Tennessee, has been disfranchised by Brownlow. It was an intensely loyal county during the war, being next to Brownlow's own county, but it has become too conservative. Knox county, which includes Knoxville, will probably go up next.

—A passenger from Fort Benton says that the death of General Meagher was caused by the General having been engaged in a quarrel with an Irishman who had insulted him on the afternoon of the 15th, and which caused him so much excitement that he became delirious, stole from his bed and fell overboard.

—The latest wonder has "come to light," as a country paper expresses it, in Gloucester, Mass. There is in that town, it seems, a child of three years old, who plays on the piano and melodeon and sings with marvellous skill and correctness, and even composes original music—nursery lyrics, we may suppose—of her own.

—On Monday night a terrible accident occurred at Lawrenceburg, Indiana. Three little boys, brothers, were playing on the railroad track, and were lying between the rails, so that the engineer of the Cincinnati train did not see them in time to check the train or to give the alarm. The cars ran over them, and killed all three outright.

—A new city has been laid out on the plains at Cheyennes, near the Black Hills. Coal, iron, minerals and water power are found in proximity. The Union Pacific will concentrate its great locomotive machine car shop at that point. It is confidently expected that the city will have five thousand inhabitants in less than twelve months. At present it is a bare prairie, but within four months it will be the terminus of the railroad.

—On Thursday it was stated that a train carrying Bishop Lamey, ten priests and six Sisters of Charity had been captured by Indians near Fort Larned, and that the men were killed and the women taken into captivity. A dispatch received from Fort Harker, Kansas, dated July 19th, gives some hope that the news may not be confirmed. It states that no information had been received at that place of the murder or capture of the party.

—A Detroit burglar, after lately rummaging through a house occupied only by a lady and her daughter, entered their chamber, frightened them with a display of his pistol into keeping quiet, and at the request of one of the ladies brought a glass of water to her bedside. He then sat down by the window, lighted his cigar, and engaging the ladies in a very civil and polite, but on their part most unwilling conversation, until daylight was breaking, departed quietly with his plunder.

—The Boston *Traveller*, states that a lady in Reading, Mass., while conversing with some callers, suddenly turned pale, and sinking into a chair, exclamed, "Did you hear that gun? It affected me strangely;" and wept inconsolably. Her visitors had heard no report, and it afterwards appeared that no gun had been fired at the time on the place. News came, however, that her brother, residing a hundred miles away, was at that very hour fatally shot by the accidental discharge of his fowling piece while hunting in a grove near his house.

### The Booth Letter.

The *National Intelligencer* of the 18th inst. contains the following communication from Mr. John Matthews, addressed to the editor of that paper. Mr. Matthews was a witness in the Surratt trial, but was not permitted by the Court to testify in regard to the letter alluded to. As statements have been publicly made in reference to Mr. Matthews connection with this letter, he asks the publication of this communication in justification of himself and truth:

WASHINGTON, JULY 17,

*Editors Intelligencer*:—GENTLEMEN:—Much has been said in the public prints in relation to the missing letter of John Wilkes Booth. As I am the person to whom this letter was entrusted, I know its contents and the circumstances attending its delivery into my hands better than any person now living.

It was on the afternoon of Good Friday, April 14, 1865, at about 4 o'clock, that I met John Wilkes Booth (on horseback) on Pennsylvania avenue, at the triangular enclosure between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. We met, shook hands, and passed the compliments of the day. It so happened that the officers of General Lee's army had just passed up in a body. I asked Booth: "Johnny, have you seen Lee's officers, just brought in?" He replied, "Yes, Johnny, I have;" then placing his hand upon his forehead, exclaimed "Great God, I have no longer a country!" Observing his paleness, nervousness, and agitation, I remarked, "John, how nervous you are; what is the matter?" to which he replied, "Oh, no, it is nothing," and continued with, "Johnny, I have a little favor to ask of you, will you grant it?" "Why, certainly, Johnny," I replied, "what is it?" He then stated, "perhaps I may leave town to-night, and I have a letter here which I desire to be published in the *National Intelligencer;* please attend to it for me, unless I see you before 10 o'clock to-morrow; in that case I will see to it myself."

At that moment I observed General Grant riding by in an open carriage, carrying also his baggage. Seeing this I called Mr. Booth's attention to him, and said, "Why, Johnny, there goes Grant. I thought he was coming to the theatre this evening with the President." 'Where?' he exclaimed. I pointed to the carriage; he looked toward it, grasped my hand lightly, and galloped down the avenue after the carriage. That was the last time I met him until I saw him on the stage of Ford's Theatre on the memorable night of the 14th of April.

Time passed on. Many persons who knew Booth or had ever seen him, were arrested and sent to prison. The secret of the letter was confined to a few confidential friends only; but when I saw that the editors of the *National Intelligencer* were suspected of having suppressed the document, and were interrogated in regard to it at the Penitentiary trial, I considered it my duty to assume all responsibility in the matter by explaining the whole affair to the proprietors of said paper. Accordingly I did so. I did call at the office of the paper, and stated all the facts to them as stated above.

To-day in court, after answering a few direct questions, I endeavored to make an explanation of the matter, which was objected to by the prosecution, and refused by Judge Fisher.

The New York *Herald*, which first procured the news from the Judiciary Committee of my having been before them, and what testimony I had given, has spoken of a secrecy of manner, and an observation, "If something should occur during the night," etc., on the part of Wilkes Booth. I desire to state all that did occur at that interview, and to say also, that the letter was given with no secrecy of manner, nor was there any remark made about anything that might occur during the night.

Now for the contents of the letter. It was written on a sheet of commercial note paper covering three pages. The first two pages were written in the spirit and style of the Philadelphia letter, and it was only at the concluding paragraph that anything was said bearing upon what had transpired, which was to this effect and in these words:

"For a long time I have devoted my energies, my time and money to the accomplishment of a certain end. I have been disappointed. The moment has now arrived when I must change my plans. Many will blame me for what I am about to do; but posterity, I am sure, will justify me.

Men who love their country better than gold or life.

JOHN W. BOOTH, PAYNE, HABROLD, ATZERODT."

Respectfully JOHN MATTHEWS.

### A Wonderful Cure.

From the *Catholic Standard*, a church newspaper published in Philadelphia, we abstract the following statement, which will no doubt prove of interest to many of our readers:

"We think it right to publish the particulars of a wonderful cure which have lately come to our notice. A lady residing in a city in this State, has been bedridden and unable to stand upright for eight years and six months. She has frequently been pronounced incurable by physicians. This we know of our own personal knowledge. In fact, we know that she had abandoned all hopes of a cure by human means, and was thinking only of patiently bearing her sufferings in preparation for the end which was impending. But the approaching canonization of the Blessed Paul of the Cross, founder of the Passionists, moved some of the fathers of that order, who were in the habit of visiting her to afford her spiritual comfort, to have many novenas said for her by religious communities and other pious persons, to their holy Founder, to the end that, through his intercession, she might be cured on the day of his canonization. And it would seem that their prayers have been heard. A friend in the soundness of whose judgment we have every confidence, writes to us: 'On the evening of June 29th she *got up and walked across the room.* I saw her do it. She is still very weak from the excitement, but there can be no doubt of the fact.'

We think it a duty to the newly canonized saint, and to the Divine Power, which is manifested at his intercession, to give publicity to this fact. We can speak from personal knowledge of the helplessness of the infirmity, and we can trust our correspondent's judgment as to the reality of the cure. *We* never call any wonderful event a miracle, unless it has been declared to be such by the Holy See, for we do not forget the lessons of caution taught by the Holy See itself. But, we have no doubt that the cure which we relate is a wonderful favor altogether out of the natural order, granted by Almighty God to this afflicted, devout lady, at the intercession of his great servant, PAUL OF THE CROSS."

Of the veracity of the above statement, says the Pittsburgh *Post*, there can be no doubt, for we have ourselves a knowledge of many of the facts in the case which we have been intending to publish for our readers' benefit. The lady mentioned is a resident of this city, and until the evening of June 29th ultimo, for a period of nearly nine years, has not been able to leave her bed. When the Right Rev. Bishop Domenec left Pittsburgh for Rome he told her that on the 29th there would be prayer offered for her recovery at Rome and exhorted her to have faith. Whether her faith was such as to induce her to make the endeavor to leave her couch or not, we are not prepared to say, but certain it is that on that day she arose from her bed and walked to the window unassisted. Dr Fleming, who has for a long time been attending her, had pronounced her case incurable, as also had several others of the medical faculty.

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SURRATT'S APPEARANCE.—Mr. Albert D. Richardson has thus briefly sketched the appearance of Surratt, in a letter to the *Tribune*: "As Surratt sits in court with hat removed, we see his face more clearly. A small head, long, glossy, light hair, brushed up from a full fair brow; small, aquiline nose, so hollow at its parting from the forehead that a child's finger laid across would hardly fill the indentation; eyes gray, deep set, near together, earnest, secretive, but with a good deal of composure, gained perhaps in so long daring Fate to do its worst; mouth weak, half hidden by a light auburn moustache; and a long, narrow pointed tuft of beard pendant from the narrow chin. The face is almost a triangle, narrowing down regularly from the forehead on each side to the pointed chin." If this be the shape of his face, it should denote a high order of intellect.

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SURRATT.—The *Tribune*, of Saturday, says: "John H. Surratt is by all odds the best tried man in America. He was first tried by the Military Commission which convicted his mother, and then by a Committee of Congress; on Wednesday he was tried and convicted by Mr. Covode in the House of Representatives; and for several weeks past he has been on trial before Judge Fisher, Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, and the newspaper reporters. These last named gentlemen, we think, might very properly keep their hands off, and content themselves with sending us plain accounts of the evidence and incidents in the case, without discussing the bearings of the testimony or the credibility of the witnesses. The counsel are fully competent to take care of such matters, and the prisoner has enough on his hands without having to face a prosecutor in every correspondent of the press."

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BEST JOKE OF THE SEASON.—The Democratic State Convention of Iowa in session at Des Moines, Wednesday, adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends.

This resolution has been pounced upon and denounced by Republican journals as the declaration of "copperheads," "rebel sympathisers," etc., etc. The fun of the thing is that the resolution is taken word for word from the Republican platform of 1860, upon which Lincoln was elected President!

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### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for the Consumbtion, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

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AGUE, CHILLS, OR INTERMITTENT FEVER cured, or the money refunded. Dr. Witt's Ague Pills are entirely a new medicine, and having been tried in over 1200 of the very worst and obstinate cases of Chills and Fever, and not failed even in one case to effect a speedy cure, the proprietor guarantees them to cure in every case, even after all other medicines fail. Those suffering should immediately give them a trial. They are warranted to cure. For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of the price, $1. Address Dr. Witt, Box 611, Cincinnati, O. 1y

### ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar street N. Y.

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AN IMMENSE REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GOODS!

V. S. BARKER'S CHEAP CASH STORE,

MAIN STREET!

V. S. B.

VARIETY!

STYLE!

BEAUTY!

V. S. BARKER

MORE NEW

SUMMER GOODS

AT

Lowest Prices!

HAVING JUST RECEIVED

A NEW AND

EXTENSIVE

STOCK OF

Dry Goods

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

NOTIONS, &c.,

I DEFY

Competition!

EITHER IN

GOODS OR PRICES

and invite the

ATTENTION

OF

PURCHASERS

TO MY

SUPERB STOCK

OF

Cheap Goods

V. S. BARKER,

EBENSBURG,

CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.


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ORDINANCE of the Borough of Carrolltown, passed at a meeting of the Town Council, held July 6th, 1867:

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Council of the Borough of Carrolltown, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same*, That from and after the date of this Ordinance any person or persons fighting within the limits of said Borough, shall, upon conviction thereof before the Burgess or acting Burgess, be fined in a sum not less than five nor more than ten dollars each, and the costs of conviction.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person guilty of drunkenness, disorderly, boisterous or unruly conduct, or guilty of misbehavior, shall be subject to a penalty upon conviction thereof before the Burgess or acting Burgess, of not less than one dollar nor more than ten dollars, and the costs of such conviction. And any person guilty of swearing, or using loud blasphemous or obscene language in public, within the limits of said Borough, shall be subject, upon conviction, to a like penalty.

SEC. 3. On any day of public excitement or on any day likely to attract large or unusual crowds or unruly persons to the Borough, the Burgess shall have full power to appoint as many policemen, for the preservation of the peace, as he may deem necessary—such policemen to receive such compensation as may be allowed in the discretion of the Burgess. And, further, any inn, tavern or saloon keeper making a public dance or ball, shall, at his request, have a policeman stationed at such public dance or ball, for the preservation of peace and good order—said policeman to be paid by the party or parties making such dance or ball, and to receive two dollars and fifty cents for each day and three dollars for each night so employed. D. C. WETZEL, Burgess.

Attest—J. E. MAUCHER, Clerk. jy11-3t

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ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, at the Court House in the Borough of Ebensburg, on *Saturday, Aug.* 10th, 1867, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following Real Estate of which John C. M'Guire, late of Cambria township, died seized, to wit: A TRACT OR PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND, situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Chas. Anna, Wm. M'Kinley, Michael Horn, and others, containing about 88 ACRES, and allowance, about four acres being cleared and having thereon erected a two story Plank House, a Frame Stable, a Grist Mill and a Saw Mill.

*Terms of Sale*—One-third to be paid on confirmation of sale; one other third in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser; and the other third to remain a lien on the premises, legal interest thereon to be paid annually to the widow of the said John C. M'Guire, to wit: Sarah J., now intermarried with Francis Inlow, from the day of confirmation of said sale, by the purchaser, during her lifetime, and the principal at her decease, to the heirs and legal representatives of the said John C. M'Guire, or to parties who may then be legally entitled to the same. FRANCIS J. CHRISTY,

July 18, 1867.-3t. Trustee.

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COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the Petition of Wm. Davis for leave to prove contract with Ralph Davis, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Commissioner by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to take testimony in the above stated case, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Ebensburg, on Monday, August 12, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where they may attend if they think proper.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Commissioner.

July 18, 1867.-3t.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to distribute the money in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of Patrick M'Gurk, in No. 26, June Term, 1867, Ex Doc., hereby gives notice to all parties interested, that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on Friday, Aug. 9, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where they must attend, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Auditor.

July 18, 1867. 3t.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—And now, 12th June, 1867, F. A. Shoemaker appointed Auditor to report distribution of funds in the hands of Catharine Dougherty, Adm'x of John Dougherty, late of Chest tp., dec'd, as shown in her first and final account.

By the Court. Extract from the Records.

[SEAL.] JAMES GRIFFIN, Clerk.

In pursuance of the above appointment I will attend to the duties thereof at my office in Ebensburg, on Monday the 5th day of August next, at 1 o'clock P. M., when and where those interested can attend.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, Auditor.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report and report upon the exceptions filed to the account of John Richards, guardian of the minor children of George Richards, deceased, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on Tuesday the 13th day of August, 1867, when and where all parties interested may attend.

SAM'L SINGLETON, Auditor.

July 18, 1867.-3t.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county to distribute the funds in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of Samuel Ripple, in No. 60, June Term, 1867, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Ebensburg, on Wednesday the 14th of August, 1867, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Auditor.

July 18, 1867.-3t.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report the distribution of the funds in the hands of George J. Rodgers and William Kittell, Executors of Jane Wherry, dec'd, hereby notifies all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on Thursday the 15th day of August, 1867, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Auditor.

July 18, 1867.-3t.

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LAST NOTICE.—The subscriber regrets the necessity which compels him to leave all his notes, books, etc., including the books of E. Glass & Co., up to April 1st, 1865, with a Justice for collection. After the first day of September next this will be done. R. L. JOHNSTON.

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CAUTION.—Whereas my wife THERESA, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I hereby notify all persons not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

LAWRENCE STITZELBERGER.

Carroll Tp., July 11, 1867.-3t.

# CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : JULY 25, 1867.


## LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

### THE FREEMAN.

Six months ago we commenced the publication of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN. The adventure was an experiment, and many warm personal friends and true democrats admonished us to avoid the shoals and quicksands of newspaperdom.

Neither the time nor the circumstances were calculated to give us much encouragement. The time was one of dullness and apathy in the political world, and the circumstances were of the most discouraging character. Not only the *Democrat* and *Mountaineer* had long ceased to exist, but the publication of the *Sentinel*—more recently the *Democrat and Sentinel*—after a continuous existence as a party organ of more than twenty years, had been suspended indefinitely. More than this, and worse, the last few years of its existence had been a period of frequent changes in its publication; and this, and its final collapse, resulted in pecuniary loss to many of its patrons.

The question then arose, should Northern Cambria be without a democratic organ? And the solution to that question is to be found in the *Freeman*.

Without hesitation, without reflection, without a prospectus, without a *list*, we commenced its publication. We only had one thing to base our hopes of success upon, and that was confidence in the support and generosity of the Democratic people.

We put faith in you and have succeeded. Already the *Freeman* is an established institution—the future central organ of the democracy of "Little Cambria." From the commencement we have endeavored to do our duty. No week has passed without our regular issue, and not only every week, but to the day, and even the *hour*, the *Freeman* has been punctual in its appearance.

And now, at the end of six months, we are able to do more than we hoped at the commencement. We send you to-day, and from this day forward, *the largest paper ever printed in Ebensburg*, and a paper containing much more reading matter than any paper in the county! Examine our new head—our new dress—our new proportions—compare the *Freeman* with the other papers, and then—recollect there is *no increase in its price*.

In all other respects the *Freeman* will be what it has been. It will sustain, with all its might, the measures and the men of the democratic party. It will endeavor to be in the future what it has been in the past—a faithful guardian of the interests of the people.

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LIBERTY TRIUMPHANT!—Saturday last was an exciting day in Ebensburg. From a time "whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary," full grown hogs had the "largest liberty," albeit *small* pigs were not allowed to run at *large*. This freedom recently became annoying to sundry "good and worthy citizens," who, not appreciating the merits of Sir Roger Bacon or any of his family, declared it a perfect *bore* and *bristled* up about it. Finally, the matter was bro't before the city dads, who passed an act or ordinance for penning the peregrinating porkers. The *Boar*-d, however, was not full, and a repeal was to be moved for at a subsequent meeting. The council was denounced and called a set of *shoals*—all except those who were *sow*-nd on the hog.

The second meeting was had and resulted in much talk and angry discussion, but the Burgess, with his usual equanimity, only chewed Moore *pig* tail and took the matter coolly enough. A grave question then arose, as our reporter informs us, whether the prohibition would extend to a wheel-*barrow*, and a member who had been collecting information from abroad, declared that in a sister borough, under a similar provision, wheelbarrows were excluded from the pavement; but it was construed only to affect a *barrow* without the wheel. The council then decided to submit the hog question to a vote of the people.

Saturday last was fixed upon to decide the fate, not of nations, but of porkers. The canvass waxed warm, it being the first time since the menagerie that animals were in the *canvass*; and certainly hereafter all the Ebensburg hams should sell as canvassed hams. One eloquent orator declared that "no *pen* could do justice to the hogs if the law passed." His antagonist retorted that this was "all *common*." "We'll beat you till there won't be a *grease* spot of you left," said the first. "Yes! in a pig's—eye," answered the other.

Meantime the *libertines*, as Covode would call them, got up handbills, which were posted at every thoroughfare. These represented a full grown porker stalking along, from his tusks a scroll streaming in the air, bearing in flaming letters the magical aspiration of Patrick Henry, "Give me liberty, or give me death!" and underneath the words, "No Ordinance!"

A friend of the freedom of the hog contended that putting a *ring* in it's snout would answer every purpose, but the other replied he would not stand the Ebensburg "ring" any longer. Another demurred the whole thing as a "*slate*" arrangement, and insisted it was got up between certain parties more than a year ago.

Saturday arrived. During the day the best order was preserved by voters and—hogs. Near the close of the election two or three of the most sagacious hogs were seen in the byways with a wisp of straw in their respective mouths, portending a storm.—They were needlessly alarmed, however. Their friends carried the day by a close shave, the majority being only six votes.

Though the hogs could not make voters of themselves, it is said that one or two of the voters made hogs of *themselves* after the election was over.

Well, the vexed question is settled, but though the hogs are enfranchised, it is not pretended that this decision shall be taken, now or hereafter, as granting the right of suffrage. The right to personal liberty is one thing—the right to vote another.

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HARVEST HOME PIC-NIC.—Wednesday, 7th August, will be a gala day at Loretto. The ladies of that beautiful village and its vicinity have, "to a man" resolved to eclipse all their former efforts in the style and *substantials* of the coming entertainment. All, all are invited to attend; and we are safe in saying that if *Cutes* the most *Ella*-gant, and conserves the most delicious, can *Moll*-ify the cravings of physical nature, none will go away disappointed. Not the least attractive feature will be the welcome smile of the benevolent pastor, who will be a *host* in the cheerful and innocent festivities of the occasion.

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SAD ACCIDENT.—Little Thomas M'Breen, a fine, interesting little fellow, son of our townsman of the same name, had his right arm very badly fractured, on Sunday last, by falling from a fence near his father's residence. Dr. Lemmon was immediately called in and reduced the fracture, and the little sufferer is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

EDITORIALITIES, LOCAL AND GENERAL.—The "devil" of the *Alleghanian* disparages the democratic candidates. Cause why—the devil hates cripples.

Mr. James Hall, a resident of Cambria county for some sixty years, died on Thursday last, aged upwards of 90 years.

John A. Maguire, of Huntingdon, had one of his thighs broken, a couple of weeks ago, by being thrown from a buggy.

B. F. Sloan, of Henderson township, Huntingdon county, had his under jaw frightfully shattered, on the 5th inst., by being kicked by a vicious horse.

The tailor shop of Jonathan Stouffer, in Hollidaysburg, was entered by thieves on the night of the 13th inst., and despoiled of some $700 worth of goods.

Two young ladies fell from a cherry tree near Uniontown, on the 13th inst., and received internal and external injuries of a nature that it is feared will prove fatal.

Joseph Shorthill, who was confined in jail here charged with the larceny of a horse, was brought before Judge Murray on a habeus corpus, one day last week, and bailed out.

Ten freight cars were smashed to flinders and their contents strewn in all directions, in consequence of the breaking of an axle, near Barree Station, on the Pa. R. R., on Monday of last week.

We gave our belief last week that "Anthropon" was a radical. It turns out so, apparently, for the *Tribune* is coming to his relief. If he had been a democrat he would feel *so good* about this time.

If the correspondent who takes exceptions to some of "Sku Bal's" statements in regard to the visit of the Independent Jr. Club to Indiana, will furnish his name, we will publish his communication—otherwise not.

The *Alleghanian* has concluded to leave the *Freeman* "in it's own slough." Dreadful! Let the *Alleghanian* adhere to the truth hereafter and it will escape such puerile articles as that contained in its last issue.

The grass and grain harvest is upon us, and abundant crops are being gathered. The grass, as a general thing, is good, while so far as we have been over the county the per centage of wheat and rye will be large over any former season.

The Lock Haven *Democrat* publishes a silly account of the killing of C. (Canary) Bird by a villain called Grimalkin, in that county recently. There is enough of real crime in the country without getting up such stupid burlesques as the one in question.

The *Tribune* alleges that some democrats will bolt the ticket because "they are tired alike of rascality and dictation." If that is what they are tired of the radical party is a very poor place for them to rest in. If rascality and dictation has a political name, that name is radical.

A son of Mr. John Ferguson, of White township, Indiana county, was dragged from a mule he was riding by another one he was leading, his arm having become entangled in the halter strap, and dragged a considerable distance, on Sunday week last, sustaining a severe fracture of the skull.

We hear of difficulty among our radical friends in Southern Cambria. The young rads complain that the Elders of the party, with the *Tribune* clique at their head, are anxious to sell out the Republican party "down South," "for a consideration" in the future, to certain dissatisfied democrats.

An infant child of Mr. John Fravel, of Marion township, Centre county, crawled out of bed, where it had been left by its parents, on the morning of the 2d inst., and the string of its night gown caught on one of the bed pins, and in this condition it was found by its mother shortly after, strangled to death.

"Mr. Johnston's roll call" is the courteous term used by the "painful" editor of the *Tribune* towards the editor of the *Freeman*. We suppose it means something, but we certainly "can't see it." If it refers to our "Roll of Honor," as paying subscribers, *that* certainly has no charms for *him*—so far is it in advance of his sickly list.

We are under obligations to Mr. John Sheridan, of Hemlock, for a list of new subscribers to the *Freeman*, as well as for the promise of additional efforts in our behalf. If we had a few more such earnest, energetic friends as Mr. Sheridan the *Freeman* would soon boast its thousand subscribers. We owe our entertaining correspondent, "Sku Bal," a like return of thanks for similar favors.—Who will imitate these commendable examples?

William Johnston, keeper of a livery stable in Altoona, was arrested, one day last week, and taken to Pittsburgh, to answer the charge of dealing in counterfeit fractional currency. It is alleged that a detective officer, under the pretence of being one of the fraternity, purchased $100 worth of counterfeit currency from Johnston in April last. The prisoner, after a hearing, was held in $10,000 security for trial before the United States District Court.

Peter Botto, a wealthy citizen of Memphis, recently left home for the purpose of visiting Europe, but when he got to New York he deposited his valuables for safe keeping, and went on a spree and was sent to Blackwell's Island, as a vagrant, where he was found very ill by a friend despatched in quest of him. This friend was returning to Memphis with the sick man in charge, when, on Monday morning last, on board the Philadelphia Express, a short distance east of Altoona, Mr. Botto suddenly died. His remains were taken to Pittsburgh and put in a metallic coffin, and from thence conveyed to his friends.

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CITY VISITORS.—We had the pleasure of a pop visit, on Monday last, from two of our Philadelphia salesmen friends, Mr. A. J. Spigelmire, representing the wholesale grocery house of Gillespie, Zeller & Co., Sixth and Market streets, and Mr. J. J. Potter, connected with the wholesale tobacco and segar warehouse of Cunningham, Gleim & Co., 408 Market street. Both these gentlemen are still in the neighborhood, and we need only say for them that they are both tip-top fellows, and represent two of the best mercantile establishments in their respective lines of which the Quaker City can boast. We heartily commend them to the patronage of all dealers in the goods they sell, and feel confident that all who buy from them once will not turn a "cold shoulder" on them in the future.

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THE WEATHER for the past few days has been exceedingly sultry, and unless a man is decked out in the coolest kind of summer garments, such as V. S. Barker has for sale in good variety, at his cheap store on Main street, it is next to impossible to keep in anything like a comfortable condition. We commend Mr. B's stock of summer clothing for gents' wear and summer dress goods for ladies' wear to the attention of everybody.

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SINGULAR.—The large and beautiful assortment of summer dress goods at J. M. Thompson's is a constant source of attraction to the ladies hereaways. Singular, isn't it, how soon the ladies find out when anything pretty comes to town. Remember Thompson, with his fine goods at low prices.

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LADY'S BOOK.—Godey is unusually entertaining in the present—August—number. Indeed! we cannot see (and our better half agrees with us) how any "well-regulated family" can get along without it.

## LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JOHNSTOWN, JULY 22, 1867.

*Dear Freeman*—A young man named Potter, whose parents reside in Woodvale, died from the effects of an overdose of laudanum, on Monday evening last. Potter had, a few weeks previous to his death, located at New Derry for the purpose of following the profession of photographer, and on Sunday was at home on a visit. On Monday he returned to Derry, and complaining of feeling unwell, he bought a vial of laudanum, and on retiring that night drank about half the quantity, and on Tuesday morning was found dead in his bed. His remains were brought to Johnstown and interred in Sandy Vale Cemetery.

James Downey, sr., an old and respected citizen of this place, died on Thursday last of debility. He leaves a family of three children, who mourn the loss of a mother killed by the sad accident on the 14th of September last, a sister who died recently, and who are now bereft of a kind and loving father.

Wilson Myers, who was a resident of Summerhill, met with a terrible death on Friday last, in the vicinity of that place. It appears he had been standing on one of the tracks watching a passing freight train, and the noise of the cars prevented him from hearing the approach of another train from the opposite direction. When discovered by the engineer it was too late to give the alarm, and he was caught and mangled in a shocking manner, death ensuing immediately. A delegation of Odd Fellows went up to Summerhill yesterday, per special train, to attend his funeral. I am indebted to Mr. P. Doran, the popular engineer on the Mail, for the above item.

A man named Thomas N. Dale, whilst standing on the platform of a passenger car of the Cincinnati Express train east, yesterday, by a sudden lurch of the car in rounding a curve four miles below town, was thrown from the platform and very severely injured. He was brought up to the Scott House and medical attendance summoned. One limb was badly fractured, and several severe contusions were found upon his person. His wounds, though serious, are not necessarily of a dangerous character. Mr. Dale hails from New York.

Quite an interesting case of robbery turned up here last week, and the mystery attending the affair is likely to be cleared up. It appears that Mr. Howard, who keeps a small grocery on Franklin street, and resides in Kernville, went home the other day and made the startling discovery that his gold watch and pocket book had mysteriously disappeared. A lady visitor at his house immediately rushed frantically to her chamber and found that somebody had taken from a small work basket a $50 U. S. bond and a $2 note, her property. No clue to the perpetrator of this daring robbery was had until a couple of days afterwards, when some of the neighbors disclosed the fact that the aforesaid Howard had visited his own premises on the day of the disappearance of the money, etc., during the absence of his wife and her friend. Suspicion at once fastened on Howard, and he was arrested and gave bail for his appearance before a Justice today, when, after a hearing, he was held in $300 security to answer at next Court the charge of grand larceny.

Considerable sensation was created in Millville yesterday by three individuals—husband, wife and wife's father—who began operations by getting drunk. To vary the order of exercises the husband secured a butcher knife, and attempted to take the lives of his partner and her father, but outside interference prevented the consummation of this little arrangement. The parties being separated, it became the wife's turn to do something, which she did by breaking for the river and recklessly plunging into a deep hole in the water near the iron bridge. The would-be suicide was drawn out just in the nick of time, being so far gone as to necessitate the carrying of her home on a board by her heroic rescuers. In the meantime the sanguinary husband had been taken to the lock-up by the active and vigilant constable of Millville borough. In about an hour afterwards the wife sufficiently recovered to be able to go to the "jug" to see her liege lord, and all feelings of animosity having subsided, she then went in pursuit of the 'Squire who had made the commitment, to see if the erring but repentant husband couldn't be released. Upon receiving a negative answer she became boistetous, and the police were compelled to arrest her, but it was no easy matter to take her, and ere arriving at the lock-up she succeeded in damaging a portion of our gallant Major's wearing apparel. The party accused of selling them liquor has been returned.

A stone-mason employed on the new Methodist church was arrested on Friday for being intoxicated, and one of his fellow workmen, attempting to interfere with his arrest, was also "jugged." The man who imbibed an extra quantity paid $6 for his whistle, and the other was "socked" $13.

Mr. Peck, who served 72 hours in limbo from the 1st of July, put in 48 hours more last week for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. He seems to be in a "*peck* of trouble."

Three men were arrested for assault and battery with intent to kill a negro at Conemaugh on the 4th of July, and after a hearing, were held in the sum of $1000 each to appear at Court to answer.

A man assaulted the wife of a tavern-keeper in Cambria borough, on Wednesday last, by striking her with a piece of cinder, injuring her pretty severely. He entered bail for his appearance to answer.

Another individual was bound over for entering the house of a widow lady and using violent and indecent language towards her.

Still another was taken to the "jug" under the influence of *mania-a-portu*. After a very severe combat of several hours duration with snakes, &c., he recovered and was released.

Mrs. Yetter, whom I noticed last week as accused of infanticide, gave bail on Saturday in the sum of $1,000 to answer at court the charge of causing the death of her child.

A woman residing in the country was one day last week bringing some marketing to town, and whilst riding horseback over a small bridge below Cambria city, her horse stumbled and she fell off, breaking her collar bone.

A man had his leg broken to-day whilst assisting to remove a worn out retort, at the gas works. The retort was being raised by means of a derrick and tackle, and when a short distance from the ground the rope broke and the retort fell upon the limb of one of the laborers, resulting in a pretty serious fracture.

A young girl, apparently about 14 years of age, was to-day arrested for stealing clothing, etc., from the house of a lady who resided in Conemaugh borough. After a hearing she was, in default of bail, sent to your place.

Two negroes were arrested for assaulting a German in the 5th ward. The information accused them of throwing stones, etc., at the prosecutor. Held to answer before 'Squire Flattery to-morrow.

A portion of the "burnt corner" was last week sold to Ellis & M'Clain for the sum of $10,000. Messrs. E. & M'C. then sold a portion of their purchase to our wide awake druggist, C. F. Frazer, and A. Montgomery. Frazer bought the corner, with a front on Main street of 23 feet and on Franklin street 45 feet. Mr. Montgomery bought the adjoining lot, which is the same size. It is the intention of these gentlemen to erect immediately substantial brick buildings on their purchases. Ellis & M'Clain still retain the ground, a portion of which is now occupied by Col. Frazer's drug store, measuring 94 feet on Franklin street, and running back 45 feet.

The Junior Independents played a match game of base ball on Saturday with the Superiors. The Independents won an easy victory, the score standing 85 to 57.

SKU BAL.

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EBENSBURG, JULY 22, 1867.

*Editor of Freeman*—Having had the pleasure of witnessing one of the most interesting and highly exciting games of base ball between the Star and Mountaineer, Jr., B. B. Clubs of this place, on the 20th inst., I hereby proceed to give an account of the same. The Star Club is composed of finely built, well developed, muscular young men from 15 to 18 years of age. The appearance of two-thirds of the Mountaineer, Jr., would not indicate their ages to be over 12 years, while their activity and splendid playing would do credit to full grown men. The following is the score of runs made by each club:

| STAR. | O. | R. | MOUNT'R, JR. | O. | R. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| L. Rodgers, p., | 3 | 6 | Jno. Hoover, p., | 1 | 7 |
| W. Breese, c., | 2 | 7 | R. Boyd, c., | 3 | 6 |
| C. Robinson, ss., | 2 | 8 | H. Lowman, ss., | 3 | 5 |
| F. Lloyd, 1b., | 0 | 9 | Jas. Hoover, 1b., | 5 | 5 |
| C. Dysert, 2b., | 4 | 5 | S. Parrish, 2b., | 1 | 6 |
| W. Hughes, 3b., | 4 | 6 | Wm. Young, 3b., | 4 | 4 |
| B. Davis, lf., | 4 | 4 | R. Piper, lf., | 3 | 5 |
| Jas. Davis, cf., | 4 | 7 | R. Myers, cf., | 3 | 6 |
| Geo. Hart, rf., | 4 | 7 | A. Stough, rf., | 4 | 5 |
| | 27 | 59 | | 27 | 49 |

RUNS EACH INNING.

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Star, | 8 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 13 | 12 | —59. |
| Mount'r, Jr., | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 12 | 6 | 7 | 12 | —48. |

Umpire—R. H. Singer. Scorers—Geo. J. Humphreys for Star and Wm. A. Jones for Mountaineer, Jr.

F. Lloyd, of the Star, done good playing at the bat and splendid fielding, taking several fly balls. Charley Robinson played "short stop" well, leaving no balls within reach pass him. James Davis and William Breese also batted well, and kept the little fellows moving to keep them from making second and third bases. The other club, with one or two exceptions, done excellent playing, both at the bat and in the field. Lowman drove the ball terribly for one of his size. Parrish and Stough took "flies" that one would have thought would have driven them to the earth. Hoover, as pitcher, played his part well, and Boyd, as catcher, let but few balls pass him. Myers and Lloyd, as captains, run their men well.

Three hearty cheers were given by each of the clubs for the other, and also for the Umpire, when they parted with the understanding that another game would soon be played, each confident of winning next time. S.

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A GOOD JOB.—No further evidence of the skill of Mr. J. Sharretts Dysart as a painter is needed than an examination of the work done by him in the fine large residence now being completed for Philip Colins, Esq., on High street. His work there, we venture to say, will compare favorable with any similar job in city or country, and no one who has any painting to be done need go from home to secure a competent workman to do it. Give Mr. Dysert your work to do, and our word for it you will neither be disappointed in its execution or overcharged in price.

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A GREAT DISIDERATUM.—The American watch is unquestionably the best timekeeper manufactured at the present day, and the only objection that could have been urged against it was the liability of its works to get clogged with dirt. This objection has been entirely overcome by newly improved cases, which completely exclude dust and render the watch perfect. C. T. Roberts has these admirable timekeepers, with improved cases, for sale, and offers them at as low prices as they were sold at before the war.

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IMPROVEMENTS.—The commodious new business stand on Main street, adjoining the Post Office building, is rapidly approaching completion, and will add much to the appearance of that portion of our town. Messrs. Mills & Davis, who design occupying their fine store room in this building as soon as it is completed, have made further reductions in the prices of all kinds of goods, with a view to closing out as far as possible their stock before moving. Better bargains than ever are therefore being offered by them now.

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DRUGS AND LITERATURE may be a strange admixture of commodities, but nevertheless, if used "according to directions," will both do much towards relieving the "ills that flesh is heir to." In this view of the case Messrs. Lemmon & Murray may be looked upon as good Samaritans, as they afford food for the mind and medicine for the body, which, when properly used, not only conduce to health but the true enjoyment of life. Consult their advertisement and then consult them.

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THE BLACKBERRY CROP promises to be as abundant this year as bargains in all kinds of goods are at the cheap mercantile emporium of H. A. Shoemaker & Co., on High street. Whether you go blackberrying or not, do not fail to go and examine Harry's fine assortment of goods. If you do engage in the blackberry business, however, don't forget that Harry keeps the best of sugars for preserving purposes, as well as sugar-cured hams, just received.

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ACCIDENT.—Our townsman, John Fenlon, Esq., met with a serious accident. In *mowing* (not mowing) his hay he slipped through an opening in the hay-loft, and received a very severe and painful bruise on his knee. He was *hors du* harvest for a while, but his neighbors will rejoice that he reports himself as improving.

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THE PEOPLE'S VERDICT.—No one need suffer with the Piles. W. W. Bebee, farmer, near Kalamazoo, Mich., says "After suffering intensely with Piles for thirty years, one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy cured me." C. L. Glass, Janesville, Wis., says one bottle cured him and his brother. A. H. Rose, Postmaster, Peru, O., says it cured him in a few days. tc.

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IT is pleasant to recommend a really meritorious article, hence we ask those suffering from Dyspepsia, Nervousness, or Debility, to try Dr. Strickland's Tonic. Dr. E. M. Sams ordered $4 worth for J. C. Hays, Decatur, Ala. T. Hart, New York City, says "It cured me; where can I get it for my friends?" Thus they write from all quarters. 1m.

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DYSPEPSIA.—The scourge of the race, the most aggravating of all diseases known, and hardest to cure, yields immediately to the influence of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. It is certainly the most wonderful remedy ever discovered for Indigestion, and any disorder of the Stomach or Bowels.


A CARD FROM THE

## AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY

OF

WALTHAM, MASS.

This Company beg leave to inform the public that they commenced operations in 1850, and their factory now covers four acres of ground, and has cost more than a million dollars, and employs over 700 operatives. They produce over 75,000 Watches a year, and make and sell not less than one half the Watches sold in the United States.

The difference between their manufacture and the European is briefly this: European Watches are made almost entirely *by hand*, and the result is of necessity a lack of that uniformity which is indispensable to correct time-keeping. Both the eye and the hand of the most skillful operative must vary. But it is a fact that, except Watches of the higher grades, European Watches are the product of the cheapest labor of Switzerland, and the result is the worthless Ancres, Lepines and so called Patent Levers, which soon cost more in attempted repairs than their original price. Common workmen, boys and women, buy the rough separate parts of these Watches from various factories, polish and put them together, and take them to the nearest watch merchant, who stamps and engraves them with any name or brand that may be ordered.

HOW AMERICAN WATCHES ARE MADE.

The American Waltham Watch is made by no such uncertain process, and by no such incompetent workmen. All the Company's operations, from the reception of the raw materials to the completion of the Watch, are carried on under one roof and under one skillful and competent direction. But the great distinguishing feature of their Watches is the fact that their several parts are made by the finest, the most perfect and delicate machinery ever brought to the aid of human industry. Every one of the more than a hundred parts of every watch is made by a machine that infallibly reproduces every succeeding part with the most unvarying accuracy. It was only necessary to make one perfect watch of any particular style, and then to adjust the hundred machines necessary to reproduce every part of that watch, and it follows that every succeeding watch must be like it.

The Company respectfully submit their watches *on their merits* only. They claim to Make a Better Article for the Money by their improved mechanical processes than can be made under the old-fashioned handicraft system. They manufacture watches of every grade, from a good, low priced and substantial article, in solid silver hunting cases, to the finest chronometer; and also ladies' watches, in plain gold or the finest enameled and jeweled cases; but the indispensable requisite of all their watches is that they shall be GOOD TIMEKEEPERS. It should be remembered that, except their single lowest grade named "Home Watch Company, Boston," ALL WATCHES made by them

*ARE FULLY WARRANTED*

by a special certificate, and this warrantee is good at all times against the Company or its agents. ROBBINS & APPLETON,

jul18.1m. 182 *Broadway, New York.*

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DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—*A Substitute for Calomel.*—These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts which are the cause of billious affections in general.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Gen'l Wholesale Agents—Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance & Co., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati, O.; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

---

THE GREATEST PAIN-RELIEVER IN THE WORLD.—Warranted superior to any other, or no pay, for the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Mumps, Burns, Cuts, Insect stings, Pains in the Back, Chest, and Limbs, Sprains, Old Sores, Swellings; also, to take internally for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Spasms, Sea Sickness, Vomiting, and Croup. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, if used according to the directions, and never fails, as thousands can attest. It was first introduced in 1847, and now millions of bottles are annually sold. Every one who has once used it, continues to do so, and recommends it to their friends as the most valuable medicine extant. Certificates enough to fill a dozen newspapers have been received by Dr. Tobias. His medicine, the Venetian Liniment, will do all that is stated, and more. No one will regret trying it. Those residing at a distance from a physician, will find it a reliable medicine to have on hand in case of accidents. Ask for Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, and take no other. Price 50 cents and $1. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, N. Y.

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## EBENSBURG DRUG AND BOOK STORE!

LEMMON & MURRAY,

DEALERS IN

*DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,*

Fancy Soaps, Leon's and Hall's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, (all kinds,) Davis' Pain Killer, Radways Ready Relief, Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Citrate Magnesia, Flavoring Extracts and Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, PURE SPICES, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS,

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds, Cap, Post and all kinds of Note Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ Medicine for the body and food for the mind. Call and see.

MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG,

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JAMES CONNOR,

**Wholesale Grocer,**

DEALER IN

FLOUR, BACON, FISH AND SALT,

No. 355 Liberty street,

June 27, 1867. PITTSBURGH, PA.

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JUST

# THE PLACE

YOU WERE

# LOOKING FOR?

# THIS WAY!!

For Bargains!

MORE

# NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

THOMPSON'S

# CHEAP STORE!

On High Street.

THE LARGEST STOCK!

THE BEST VARIETY!

THE GREATEST BARGAINS

AND MORE OF THEM!

THAN HAVE BEEN OFFERED HERE

FOR A LONG TIME!

Fine DRESS GOODS

Standard Dry Goods,

SUPERB LINE OF NOTIONS,

FRESH GROCERIES,

AND ALL OTHER GOODS

IN GREAT PROFUSION!

COME and SEE

AND TELL ALL

YOUR FRIENDS!

---

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

The facilities possessed by our firm for the transaction of the business of general advertising agents, are now generally admitted to be superior to those of any similar establishment in this country. Our special contracts with most of the leading newspapers throughout the Eastern, Middle and Western States give us advantages over all other agents, not only in the price at which we are enabled to contract for, but the position we secure for our customers in the columns of the newspapers, and the promptness and care with which all our advertisements are inserted. Persons interested in advertising should make themselves acquainted with our facilities before contracting. We receive orders for all newspapers at the most favorable rates.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
40 PARK ROW,
40 PARK ROW,
40 PARK ROW,
NEW YORK.
NEW YORK.
NEW YORK.

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RODMAN, FISK & CO.,

BANKERS

And Dealers in Government Securities,

No. 18 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK,

Buy and sell at market rates Six per cent. Bonds of 1861, Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues, Ten-Forty Bonds, Seven-Thirty Notes, all series, Compound Interest Notes, and Gold and Silver Coin.

Convert all series of 7-30 Notes into the New Consolidated 5-20 Bonds at best market rates. Execute orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities. Receive Deposits and allow 5 per cent. interest on balances, subject to check at sight. Make collections on all accessible points. All issues of Government Securities credited or remitted for, on receipt, at market rates, FREE of all commission charges. R. F. & CO.

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Madam Foys'

Corset Skirt Supporter!

Combines in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips; it improves the form without tight la[cing], gives ease and elegance—is approved and commended by physicians. Manufac[tured] by D. B. SAUNDERS & CO.

96 Summer St., Bost[on]

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PAINTS FOR FARME[RS]

AND OTHERS.—THE GRAFTON [MIN]ERAL PAINT COMPANY are now [man]ufacturing the *best, cheapest* and *most d[urable] Paint* in use; two coats well put on, [mixed] with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or [more] years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, olive, drab or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for New Houses, Barns, Fences, Agricultural Implements, Carriages and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof.) Bridges, Burial Cases, Canal Boats, Ships and Ships' Bottoms, Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular, which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, Proprietor, 264 Pearl-st., N. Y.

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"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI:"

A COMPLETE HISTORY

OF THE

NEW STATES and TERRITORIES

*From the Great River to the Great Ocean.*

BY ALBERT D. RICHARDSON.

**Over 20,000 Copies Sold in One Month.**

*Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast. With over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the New States and Territories.*

To prospective emigrants and settlers in the "Far West," this History of that vast and fertile region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, means of travel, &c.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., 507 Minor Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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$15 PER DAY SURE!—Agents wanted everywhere to sell our *Patent White Wire Clothes Lines.* Will last 30 years.—Address the AMERICAN WIRE CO., Office 162 Broadway, N. Y

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LEGS AND ARMS!

Invented by a Surgeon. Nine patents in Legs, ranging from $50, through all the improvements, up to the Anatomical Leg, with Lateral motion at Ankle, like natural one, at $150.

Two patents in Arms, with new Shoulder motions, $75 to $125. Send for pamphlet. It contains valuable information, and is sent free.

OFFICES: 658 Broadway, N. Y.; Rochester, N. Y.; Chicago, opposite Post Office; Cincinnati, 148 West Fourth-st.; St. Louis, 413 Pine-st. Address, DOUGLASS BLY, M. D., at nearest office.

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ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN

*SHOULD TAKE IT.*

Price One Dollar per annum in advance.

Office 40 Park Row, New York.

## THE WARRANTEE DEED.

A lawyer there was, whom I'll call Mr. Clay;
He had but few clients, and those didn't pay;
At length of starvation he grew so afraid,
That he courted and married a wealthy old maid.

At the wedding this lawyer made one great mistake:
'Twas not in cutting the cards or the cake;
The ring was w[illegible] chosen, the parson well fee'd,
*But the groom did not ask for a warrantee deed.*

At night, in their chamber, the lady arose,
And began to prepare to retire to repose;
While her husband sat near her, admiring the charms
Which it gave him such pleasure to clasp in his arms.

She went to the wash stand to bathe her fair face;
But the process destroyed all its beauty and grace;
The rose on her cheek, whether ruddy or faint,
When displayed on the towel was nothing but paint!

She went to the mirror to take down her hair;
But when she had done so, her cranium was bare!
Said she, "don't be frightened to see my poor head;
I shall put on my cap when I get into bed."

Her husband next saw, with amazement and grief,
A curious performance of hers with her teeth;
She took them all out with her fingers and thumbs;
Said she, "I'm accustomed to sleep in my gums."

Then she loosened the robes which enveloped her waist,
And took something out which within them was placed;
Said she, "When I'm dead, let it not be forgotten,
You can make a small fortune, my love, on this cotton."

The groom had been sitting in stupid surprise,
To see such strange doings before his own eyes;
But now he leaped up, and rushed out at the door,
And poor Mrs. Clay never saw him *no* more!

Young man, when you go to agree for a wife—
'Tis the gravest agreement you'll make in your life—
Don't trust to good looks—of my counsel take heed;
But be sure and *insist on a warrantee deed!*

## LATE NEWS ITEMS.

—A negro villain committed rape upon two girls aged eight and ten years, near Nunda, N. Y., a few days ago. Cause: Black Republican preaching.

—Two married ladies at Independance, Mo., serenaded their husbands one moonlight night last week. The instruments were a brace of twins for each of the liege lords.

—Three singular beings covered with hair, but having human voices, have been found roving wildly in Missouri, and a St. [illegible] paper suggests that they belong to [illegible] race.

—A boy in Fall River the other day [illegible] his arm through the shaft hole in an [illegible] millstone, and had to wear that cumbersome bracelet until it was chisled off—[illegible] he also chisled home, a wiser boy.

—It is a very safe rule to wet your [illegible] before drinking cold water, if you [illegible] at all heated. The effect is immediate and grateful, and the danger of fatal results may be warded off by this simple precaution.

—Butler Evans, the leading Shaker at Lebanon, N. Y., says that he foresaw trouble a few weeks before Mr. Lincoln's death, and wrote to him to come and stay among the Shakers a few weeks. The letter is now on file in the State Department.

—There is a French machine in the Exposition that takes in chopped tobacco and turns out cigarettes at the rate of sixty a minute the year round, ringing a signal bell as often as there is not enough to put in a package. These machines, about half a yard square, make a saving of 70,000,000 francs a year.

—The New York *Herald* says a conviction is now working the minds of the people that the immense war debt was incurred, not to save the Union, but to save the Radical party and get the negro's vote for that party. There are now six hundred thousand men slaughtered, and three billions of debt created, simply to build up a fanatical party, to make bad laws, and steal the public money.

—Mr. I. D. Sheldon, of Vernon, has a cow, eight years old, which gave twelve hundred and seven pounds and twelve ounces of milk in thirty days, during last month. And this without a single feed of grain for two years last past, nor was she stabled last winter. Had been pastured this spring and summer with his other stock on the river bottom. The milk was weighed every three days.

—Robt. Otterson died in Springfield, Pa., recently. He had been insane for thirty years, but recovered his senses on his death bed, and conversed intelligently of occurrences that transpired the day and week previous to his insanity, making inquiries about a yoke of oxen which he had valued, of the work on the farm, and of old neighbors who had been dead for years. The intervening space was a perfect blank to his memory. During all these long years of mental darkness the divine spark had survived to be awakened on the very threshold of another world.

—The Springfield, Mass., *Republican* suspects if the truth were known it would appear that our naval authorities on the Pacific Ocean have been for some months under secret instructions, in case of the death of the present king, he having no legitimate successor or heir, to seize the Sandwich islands in the name of and for the United States. The native race is rapidly dying out; civilization is fatal to them, and by the year 1900, at the present rate of decrease, they will all be gone. The white population is several thousand, chiefly American, who are the principal business men, planters and government officers.


## TINWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

1867. **SPRING TRADE.** 1867.

I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
**TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!**
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
**Tin, Sheet-Iron,**
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
**SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,**
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
*EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,*
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to
Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,
all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

**Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys**
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

**SPENCER'S SIFTER!**
It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron.
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.–6m.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
*TO CASH BUYERS!*
AT THE EBENSBURG
**HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE!**

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

**FAMILY GROCERIES,**

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, Feb, 28, 1867.–tf.

**C. K. CURTAIN FIXTURE!**
*Has no superior in the World!!*

It is pronounced faultless by all who have used it, and it is predicted that it will supersede all other Curtain Fixtures now in use. For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to me by note or book account of over six months standing, are requested to pay up within thirty days of this date, or they will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for immediate collection. A strict compliance with this notice will save costs. GEO. HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, June 20, 1867.

FRANK W. HAY,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly hand.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH.—For beauty of polish, saving of labor and cheapness, this preparation is truly unrivalled. *Buy no other.* For sale by
June 18, 1867. GEO. HUNTLEY.

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Hardware cheap by paying cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

BARGAINS can be had by buying your goods for cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

GOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES, for sale low at G. HUNTLEY'S.

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

**QUICK SALES,**
**QUICK SALES,**
**QUICK SALES,**
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED, Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All, of which will be sold at small profit.

GEO. GURLEY,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
January 31, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.

**A "NEW WRINKLE" IN EBENSBURG!**

JOHN D. THOMAS

Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Ebensburg and the north of the county generally, that he has recently added to his stock a large and complete assortment of
SHOES, BUSKINS, GAITERS, &c.,
*For Ladies' and Children's Wear,*
from the celebrated wholesale manufacturing establishment of Ziegler & Sutton, Philadelphia. This stock comprises everything that is desirable and serviceable in the way of *custom-made sewed work*, and every article is warranted of the best material and most perfect manufacture. In the sale of these goods the subscriber pledges himself to repair free of charge any article that may give way after a reasonable time and reasonable usage. The ladies are specially invited to call and examine the stock.

The subscriber also keeps on hand and is prepared to manufacture to order BOOTS and SHOES for Gent's and Youth's wear, of the very best material and workmanship, and at prices as reasonable as like work can be obtained anywhere. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all other kinds of Leather constantly on hand.

☞ Store on Main street, next door to Crawford's Hotel. [feb21-tf.

R. J. LLOYD,
SUCCESSOR TO R. S. BUNN, Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES AND PAINTS. Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa. Jan. 31, '67.tf

12 DOZ. WOODEN BUTTER BOWLS just received and for sale low for *cash* at [feb.28.] GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at private sale his FARM, situated in Cambria township, two miles east of Ebensburg, on the road leading to Loretto. The Farm consists of 80 Acres, more or less, about 54 Acres of which are cleared, under good fence, and in a good state of cultivation. The balance of the land is well set with sugar, chestnut, locust and other marketable timber. There is a comfortable FRAME HOUSE and a FRAME BARN on the premises, and an Orchard of choice Fruit Trees that have never yet failed to bear. There is also a never-failing spring of pure water and other necessary conveniences on the premises. The Farm will be sold on fair terms and easy payments, and an indisputable title will be given. What is known as Bradley's Station, on the E. & C. Rail Road, is located on this land.

Further information can be obtained by applying to CHARLES BRADLEY.
Cambria Tp., May 23, 1867.–tf.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN. —FARM FOR SALE.—The Farm owned and occupied by the subscriber, situated in Munster township, Cambria county, four miles south-east of Ebensburg and one-fourth mile from Samuel O'Hara's Mill, containing 121 ACRES and allowance, is offered for sale on reasonable terms and easy payments. Eighty acres of the above land are cleared, under good fence, and in excellent farming condition. The improvements consist of a two-story PLANK HOUSE and a large FRAME BARN, both in good preservation, as well as all other necessary outbuildings. An extensive orchard of choice fruit trees and never-failing springs of excellent water are on the premises. Further information can be obtained by making application to DANIEL O'HARA.
Munster Tp., May 30, 1867.–tf2*

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. The subscriber offers for sale his Farm situated in Carroll township, Cambria county, about 2½ miles from Carrolltown borough, on the road leading to Hinebaugh's Mill. Said Farm contains over 82 acres, most of it cleared and under good fence, with a comfortable two-story Plank House and Log Barn thereon erected. There is a large orchard of excellent fruit and several springs of pure water on the premises—one of the latter close to the house—as well as a stream of water running through the middle of the land. This property will be sold on fair and easy terms. For further information apply to the undersigned at Lilly's Station, or to Archibald Smith, on the farm.
my30.-3m* DAVID SMITH.

PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale two valuable tracts of TIMBER LAND, situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, and known as the "Lloyd Property." ALSO—Four other valuable tracts of LAND, situate in Cambria and Jackson townships, and known as the "Pensacola Property." ALSO—TWO FARMS adjoining the borough of Ebensburg—one containing about 100 acres; the other about 150 acres. The buildings are all in good repair, with never-failing springs of water near the houses.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase or sell Farms or Timber Lands, will do well by calling on me before buying or offering them for sale. F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ap.11.tf. Att'y at Law, Ebensburg.

## ALTOONA ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARTFORD
**LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.**
CASH CAPITAL $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

OWNERS OF HORSES,

Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

*FARM STOCK.*

Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!

By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞ *Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents,
April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.

☞ Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND
**EXCHANGE OFFICE.**

We are now selling Exchange (at New York Rates on

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| England, | Ireland, | Scotland, |
| Wales, | Germany, | Prussia, |
| Austria, | Bavaria, | Wurtemberg, |
| Baden, | Hessen, | Saxony, |
| Hanover, | Belgium, | Switzerland, |
| Holland, | Norway and | France. |

And Tickets to and from any Port in

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| England, | Ireland, | Scotland, |
| Germany, | France, | California, |
| New South Wales or | | Australia. |

KERR & CO.

JOHN ROCKETT, - - - - P. J. STORM.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

JOHN ROCKETT & CO.

Desire to inform the public generally that they are now prepared to execute *House, Sign and Ornamental Painting, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Graining and Calcemining*, either in Cambria, Blair or Huntingdon Counties, on the shortest notice. In the very best style, and at prices as reasonable as any other firm or individual in the country.

Call at their room in Lowther's building, under Roush's Drug Store, or address
JOHN ROCKETT & Co., Altoona, Pa.
April 25, 1867.–6m.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA.,
Dealer in all kinds
**Household Furniture!**
SUCH AS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| LOUNGES, | TABLES, | BEDSTEADS |
| SOFAS, | BUREAUS, | WHAT-NOTS |

CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM,
JULIA STREET, NEAR HARRIET,
*Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church,*
March 7, 1867.-1y. EAST ALTOONA.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
501 *BROADWAY, NEW YORK.*

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR, From negatives made in the various campaigns, and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS, Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.

*PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.*

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties, from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, &c., &c.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. [apr25–1y.]

TO THE LADIES OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.—Having recently arrived from the city with a handsome assortment of *Spring and Summer Millinery and Straw Goods*, of the latest styles, comprising *Bonnets, Silks and Velvets*, fine *French Flowers*, an assortment of *Ribbons*, all widths and colors, Ladies' plain and fancy *Dress Caps*, Infants' Silk and Embroidered *Caps*, together with Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' and Gent's fine Linen Handkerchiefs, &c, we invite the ladies of Ebensburg and surrounding districts to call and examine our stock, in the store room formerly occupied by E. Hughes, below the Mountain House.

We have a fashionable milliner of excellent taste, who will pay particular attention to bleaching, pressing and altering Hats and Bonnets to the latest styles.

MRS. J. DOYLE,
April 25-3m. MISS M. RUSH.

M. CRESSWELL, H. T. SLACK, JOHN A. RYDER, WM. D. GEMMILL.
**M. McDONALD,**
WITH
**M. CRESSWELL & CO.,**
*Importers and Jobbers of*
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
No. 513 Market Street,
June 20, 1867.-1y. *PHILADELPHIA.*

## MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

$100 REWARD!
*For a medicine that will cure*
COUGHS,
INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH,
*or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGHS,*
AS QUICK AS
**COE'S COUGH BALSAM**

OVER ONE MILLION BOTTLES
have been sold, and not a single instance of its failure is known. We have in our possession any quantity of Certificates, some of them from EMINENT PHYSICIANS who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over all other compounds.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH,
BUT LOOSENS IT,
so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely. Two or three doses will INVARIABLY CURE TICKLING IN THE THROAT. A half bottle has often completely cured the most *Stubborn Cough*, and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

*In cases of Croup we will guarantee a cure, if taken in season.*

**No Family should be without it.**
It is within the reach of all, it being the heapest and best medicine extant.
C. G. CLARK & CO., Prop'rs,
mar.28.eow1y. New Haven, Conn.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!!

This great remedy for all DISEASES OF THE STOMACH is the discovery of the inventor of Coe's valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his own health. cured Cramp in the Stomach for him which had before yielded to nothing but choloform.

The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourage us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach it will not speedily cure. Physicians endorse and use it. Ministers give testimony of its efficacy; and from all directions we receive tidings of cures performed.

*Dyspepsia* it is sure to cure. *Heartburn* one dose will cure. *Sick Headache* it has cured in hundreds of cases. *Headache and Dizziness* it stops in thirty minutes. *Acidity of the Stomach* it corrects at once. *Rising of the Food* it stops immediately. *Distress after Eating* one dose will remove. *Cholera Morbus* rapidly yields to a few doses. *Bad Breath* will be changed with half a bottle.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Its unprecedented success is owing to the fact that it cures by assisting Nature to reassert her sway in the system.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
March 14.-eowly. New Haven, Conn.

What is the Cause of Disease?
Impurity of the Blood.
Therefore, as it is accomplished by every body that Dr. Strickland's Purifying Anti-Bilious Pills will purify the blood, by regulating the stomach, liver, kidneys, and bowels. They are a mild and safe pill, do not gripe, and may be taken with safety by either the young or old. They act gently on the liver, and remove all vitiated concretions of the stomach and bowels. Dr Strickland defies any body to make a better Family Medicine. Sold by Druggists at twenty-five cents per box.
FIRST CLEANSE THE SYSTEM!
Giddiness, Boils, Blotches, and all Cutaneous Diseases, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Headache, Sleepless Nights, Bilious Complaints, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Complaints, Bad Taste in the Mouth.

Dr. Strickland's
TONIC
may be relied upon as a speedy cure for Dyspepsia, Debility, and Nervous Diseases. It creates a good appetite, restores the digestive organs (giving tone to the stomach) and strengthens the nervous system. The Doctor is in possession of letters enthusiastically recommending it from the well-known Captain Putnam, of Cincinnati, who says it has cured him after suffering over twelve years. It is not a whisky compound, but is especially for those depressed, weak, and nervous. Those suffering will find this an excellent preparation. It is sold at Drug Stores, at one dollar per bottle. If you wish to be convinced, call.
THEN STRENGTHEN IT.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

EBENSBURG LITERARY DEPOT!

JAMES MURRAY,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PERFUMERY, FANCY SOAPS, &c., &c.,
*In the Room formerly occupied by Dr. Lemon as a Drug Store,*
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG,

Keeps Blank Books, Envelopes, Paper, Pens, Ink, Pocket Books, Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Prayer and Toy Books, &c. ☞ Stationery and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. [feb21tf.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!

JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
*At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown,*

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries,

and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.–tf. $5*

HARVEY CHILDS. . . . LOWRIE CHILDS.
W. C. MURPHEY.

H. CHILDS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
**BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER,**
133 WOOD STREET,
*PITTSBURGH, PA.*

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain.
Feb. 28, 1867.–tf.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY!

F. SHARRETTS DYSERT,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painter.
Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, and all other work in his line, promptly executed, and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop in the basement of the Town Hall.
Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.–6m.*

JOSEPH ZOLNER, JR.,
Watchmaker and Jeweler
Has taken the room on High street, opposite the Mountain House, recently occupied by R. J. Lloyd as a Drug Store. Watches and Jewelry repaired on short notice and at the lowest rates, and all work warranted.
Ebensburg, May 23, 1867.

IF you want to buy goods on long credit and pay big prices, don't go to
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.


## BANK NOTICES.

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* JOHN LLOYD, *Cashier.*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF ALTOONA.
GOVERNMENT AGENCY
AND
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
*Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.*

Authorized Capital, - - - - - $300,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - - 150,000

All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms

Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.

To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows:
$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.
Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF JOHNSTOWN, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
Capital, $60,000.—Privilege to Increase to $100,000.

Inland and Foreign Drafts furnished.
Gold and Silver bought and sold.
Collections made, at home and abroad.
U. S. Bonds and Securities of all kind obtained.
Deposits received and money loaned.
A general Banking business transacted.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| D. J. Morrell, | George Fritz, |
| Isaac Kauffman, | John Dibert, |
| Jacob M. Campbell, | E. Y. Townsend, |
| Jacob Levergood. | |

D. J. MORRELL, *Pres't.*
H. J. ROBERTS, *Cashier.* jan31'67.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.
January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.
Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an31.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.
**WM. P. PATTON,**
JOHNSTOWN PA.
**ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,**

such as common Winsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,

Cane Seat Chairs,
ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE
SPRING SEAT CHAIRS
Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.
CABINET FURNITURE
of every description and of latest
*STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE*
**Tastes of all.**

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.
GAY & WELSH,
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [feb28] *Pittsburgh, Pa.*

JAMES H. DAVIS,
Dealer in all kinds of
POPLAR, CHERRY & ASH LUMBER,
*Yard Nos. 314 and 316 N. Broad St.,*
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ Business attended to in Ebensburg by Wm. J. Williams. [my16-1y]

WHOLESALE
JANNEY & ANDREWS, 123 Market St. PHILADA.
**GROCERS**

## MARBLE WORKS.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!
—AT THE—
JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS!

The subscriber has just received a large and handsome invoice of Italian and American
MARBLE,
comprising the largest and finest stock of the kind ever brought to Johnstown, at his establishment on Franklin Street, where he is prepared, with an adequate force of experienced and skilful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, Mantels, Tombstones, Table and Bureau Tops, &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low.

A room has been opened in Ebensburg, a few doors west of Dr. S. S. Christy's Drug Store, where articles of my manufacture are kept constantly on hand, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

☞ Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work delivered where desired. JOHN PARKE.

**Loretto Marble Works.**

THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest *Italian and other Marbles* at *his Establishment* in *Loretto Cambria co., Pa.*,

*Monuments, Tombs, Grave-Stones, Table and Bureau tops*, manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business.

*Now is the time to get a cheap job!*
JAMES WILKINSON.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at the hotel of Lawrence Schroth. [May 9, 1867.-tf.]

S. BELFORD, DENTIST,
CONTINUES to visit Ebensburg personally on the 4th Monday of each month. During his absence Lewis N. Snyder, who studied with the Doctor, will remain in the office and attend to all business entrusted to him. Jan31,'67.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in room over R. R. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. ap.18.6m.

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, *Summit*, Pa. Office east end of Mansion House, on Railroad street. Night calls may be made at the office. [may23,67

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. R. SCANLAN.
JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Attorneys at Law,
Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Office opposite the Court House.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

D. M'LAUGHLIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—2d stairs. Will attend to all business entrusted to him with his profession.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.
Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867. tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co.
January 31, 1867. tf.

W. H. SECHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in the Commissioners' Room in Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf

F. P. TIERNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.
Jan. 5. 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Mansion Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf

JOHN FENLON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867-tf.

GEORGE M. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian. Jan. 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
January 31, 1867.-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.
Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Rents' Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.*—Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan. 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg.

## HOTELS.

GRANT HOUSE,
Hemlock, Cambria Co., Pa.
*JOHN WILKIN, Proprietor.*

This House has been refitted, and offers accommodations superior to any other House in the vicinity. The Proprietor, after long experience in the business, feels confident he understands the wants of the public. His TABLE will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and his BAR with the choicest wines and liquors. By constant attention and due care for the comfort of his guests the Proprietor hopes to merit a liberal share of patronage. [may16-1y.]

SCOTT HOUSE,
*Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.*
A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.
Jan. 31, 1867. (1y.)

UNION HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, Pa., JOHN A. BLAIR, Proprietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 31, 1867-tf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG,
R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.
The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb28

SHIELDS HOUSE,
*LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.*
THOMAS CALLEN, Proprietor.

THIS house is now open for the accommodation of the public. Accommodations as good as the country will afford, and charges moderate. Jan 31, 1867-tf.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL
J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors,
*Fourth St., between Market and Arch,*
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.